THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN POWER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT

Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes

WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS, VISITING CARDS, HANDBILLS, BUSINESS CARDS, PROGRAMMES, BALL CARDS, BILLHEADS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, DODGERS, BILLS OF FARE, STATEMENTS, WINE CARDS, PAMPHLETS, LAW CARDS AND POINTS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, Etc.,

In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

The New York Herald states that New York is the great fruit producing state in the Union and Michigan takes second rank.

Agricultural colleges in this country, established under the United States law of 1862, are now educating nearly 10,000 students.

There are now thirty thousand disciples of Buddha's doctrines in Paris, where the Buddhistic cult is growing with remarkable rapidity.

The Atlanta Constitution Observes: "It is already the fashion in Germany to sneer at Bismarck's ideas. The great man out of office is no longer a great man."

Marshal McMahon is in favor of retaining the red trousers of the French soldiers. He says that the fuss made about them is altogether too great, because future fighting must be at long range, and red is a color which is lost sight of at a comparatively short distance.

The New York Independent says: "The proportion of criminals among the Mohammedans is rather less than among the Hindus, but when we turn to the native Christians, the difference is prodigious; the percentage of criminals among these is only one-third of what it is among the Mohammedans, and one-fourth as compared with the Hindus."

Among the recent discoveries interesting to women is that frowns may be eradicated by cutting muscles between the bridge of the nose and the roots of the hair. So every woman who through fretting, ill health or any other reason has acquired those little wrinkles on the brow can now have them skilfully removed by the surgeon's knife.

The chicken business is a matter of wonderful importance to the table comfort and the financial outlook of the American farmer. Government statistics show that the annual expenditure in this line is $560,000,000; and despite the immense production of eggs, several million dollars' worth are annually imported to meet the deficiency of the home supply.

According to the Bradford (Penn.) Star "some one has learned that one who gets a large salary for preaching the gospel, say from $5,000 to $20,000 a year, is an eminent divine, while he who receives from $3,000 to $5,000 is merely a divine. Anything under $3,000 and above $1,000 makes the recipient a clergyman, and the great army who labor for less than $1,000 a year are just preachers."

In England a circular to be entitled to half-penny postage must be "open at both ends." In Germany (as in this country) a circular may go for a half-penny (one cent) in an unsealed envelope. By the treaty between Great Britain and Germany local rates of postage carry mail matter to and fro between the two countries. So, avers the Cincinnati Enquirer, the English merchants send their business circulars for London customers over to Germany to be mailed. Cunning, is it not?

The Iowa supreme court in a recent decision declares that if a railroad company undertakes to transport perishable freight, it must use every effort to deliver it in a condition to be of some value to the consignee. The case was one concerning the transportation of butter, which, for want of ice, was spoiled. The court awarded damages to the plaintiff, on the ground that a common carrier is bound to provide whatever the nature of the goods and the climate may require, but may charge for the additional expense. "This railway transportation business is not as one-sided as some railroad officials would have us believe," comments the Boston Cultivator. "The courts evidently think the public has some rights which even a railroad must respect."

"Pennsylvania has the honor of being the first State," announces the New York Times, "in which the necessity of improving the highways has been made the subject of a Governor's message. It now appears that this necessity is more urgent in Pennsylvania than in most other States. The investigation recently made by a newspaper of Pittsburg showed that the roads in Western Pennsylvania were almost impassable, while in the adjoining State of West Virginia human beings were actually suffering and cattle were actually starving from want of the food that could not be got to them.

"A region of which this is true is in a very low stage of material civilization, and it is high time that some action were taken by the state. The old fashion of working out the road tax has become a mere farce in most rural regions. The only rational plan is to have highways made and repaired by contract under the supervision and after the plans of a competent engineer. The taxes paid for this purpose will be far more than repaid to every farmer by the improvements to the roads."

I'll Not Confer With Sorrow.

I'll not confer with sorrow
Till tomorrow;
But joy shall have her way
This very day.

No, eglantine and cresses
For her tresses!—
Let care, the beggar, wait
Outside the gate.

Tears if you will—but after
Mirth and laughter;
Then, folded hands on breast
And endless rest.

THE OLD SILVER WATCH

Charles Eames stepped into the office of his friend Bowles, editor of the Glenville Courant.

"How are you, Eames?" asked the editor.

"I ought to feel happy, I suppose," said the young man, a little ruefully, "for I've just received notice of a legacy."

"Indeed, I congratulate you."

"Wait till you hear what it is."

"Well, what is it?"

"My aunt Martha has just died, leaving fifty thousand dollars."

"To you? I congratulate you heartily."

"No; she leaves it to a public institution. She leaves me only her silver watch, which she has carried for forty years."

"How is that?"

"She didn't approve of my becoming an artist. She wished me to be a merchant. If I had consulted her wishes, I should, doubtless, have been her sole heir. This small legacy is meant more as an aggravation than anything else."

"But you can make your own way."

"I can earn a scanty living at present. I hope to do better by and by. But you know my admiration for Mary Brooks—If I had been Aunt Martha's sole heir, I could have gained her father's consent to our marriage. Now it is hopeless."

"I am not so sure of that. This legacy may help you."

"An old watch? You are joking."

"Not if you will strictly observe my directions."

"What are they?"

"Simply this: Agree for one calender month not to mention or convey the least idea of the nature of your aunt's legacy. I will manage the rest."

"I don't at all know what you mean, Bowles," said the young artist; "but I am in your hands."

"That is all I wish. Now remember to express surprise at nothing; but let matters take their course."

"Very well."

In the next issue of the Glenville Courant, this young artist was surprised to read the following paragraph:—

"We are gratified to record a piece of good luck which has just befallen our esteemed fellow-citizen, the promising young artist, Charles Eames. By the will of an aunt recently deceased, he comes into possession of a piece of property which has been in the family for many years. Miss Eames is reported to have left fifty thousand dollars.'

"Really," thought the young man, "anybody would naturally suppose from this paragraph that I had inherited my aunt's entire property."

He put on his hat and walked down the street. He met Ezekiel Brooks, president of the Glenville National Bank.

Mr. Brooks beamed with cordiality.

"My dear sir, permit me to congratulate you," he said.

"You have read the Courant?" said Eames.

"Yes; and I am delighted to hear of your good fortune. Can I speak to you on business a moment?"

"Certainly, Mr. Brooks."

"You'll excuse my advice, but I know you are not a business man, while I am. My young man, do you want to make some money?"

"Certainly, I should be glad to do so."

"James Parker has five hundred shares of the Wimbledon Railway. It stands at fifty-six, a figure much below its real value. But Parker is nervous, and wants to sell out. I want you to buy out his entire stock."

"But Mr. Brooks—"

"I know what you would say. It may go down—but it won't. I have advices that a speedy rise is almost certain. Buy him out, and you'll make a handsome thing of it.

"But how shall I find the money?"

"Of course you haven't received your legacy yet. I know there are delays. No trouble about that. Give your note on ninety days, and I'll indorse it. You'll sell out before that time at a handsome advance."

"I will place myself in your hands Mr. Brooks, but you must manage the business."

"Certainly; I shall only want your signature when the documents are made out. By the by, come round and dine with us, or have you another engagement?"

Another engagement? If Eames had had fifty engagements he would have broken them all for the privilege of meeting Mary Brooks. This was the first time he had been invited to the capitalist's table. The fact is, until this morning Mr. Brooks had scarcely vouchsafed him more than a cool nod on meeting; but had changed, or appeared to, and his behavior altered with it. Such is the way of the world!

It was a very pleasant dinner. The young artist remained afterwards.

"I have an engagement, Mr. Eames," said Mr. Brooks, "a meeting of the Bank Directors, but you mustn't go away, Mary will entertain you."

The young man did not go away, and apparently was satisfied by the entertainment he received. He blessed his aunt for her legacy, if only it had procured him this afternoon's interview with the young lady he had admired. But it gained him more. Every four days he received a similar invitation. He could not fail to see that Ezekiel Brooks looked with evident complacency on the good understanding between his daughter and himself.

"What will he say?" thought the young man, "when he finds out what sort of a legacy I have received from my aunt?"

Occasionally, too, he felt nervous about his hasty assent to the proposition to buy 400 shares of railroad stock at 56, when he hadn't $50 ahead. He reckoned up, one day, what his purchase would amount to, and his breath was nearly taken away when he found it amounted to twenty-eight thousand dollars! Still, it had been in a manner forced upon him. He asked no questions, but every now and then the old gentleman said, "All going well! Stock advancing rapidly."

With that he was content. Indeed, he was so carried away by love of Mary Brooks that he gave little thought to any other subject.

One day Mr. Brooks came up, his face beaming with joy.

"Wish you joy, Eames," he said, "Wimbledon's gone up like a rocket to par. Give me authority, and I'll sell out for you."

The artist did so, hardly realizing what it meant till three days after, he received a little note to this effect:

DEAR EAMES:—Have sold out Your five hundred shares of Wimbledon at 101. So you bought at 55. This gives you a clear profit of forty-five dollars per share, or twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars. You had better reinvest your surplus. Call at my office at once. Yours very truly,

EZEKIEL BROOKS.

Charles Eames read this letter three times before he could realize its meaning. Could it be that without investing a cent, he had made over twenty thousand dollars? It must be a dream, he thought.

But when he called at the old gentleman's office, he found it was really true.

"Mr. Eames, how about this money? Shall I re-invest it for you?"

"Thank you, sir. I wish you would. I should like a little in hand, however."

"Certainly. What will answer?" and the old gentleman wrote a cheque for five hundred dollars, and placed it in the young man's hand.

It was more money than he had ever before possessed at one time. This was convincing proof of the reality of his good fortune.

The next day he went to the city and ordered a handsome suit of clothes at a fashionable tailor's. The fact was his old coat was getting threadbare, and his overcoat decidedly seedy. While he was about it he bought a new coat and boots, as well as other needed articles, and still returned with money enough in his pocket to make him feel rich. He changed his boarding-house, engaging a handsome room at a much nicer boarding-house.

"It seems to me you are dashing out, Eames," said his friend the editor.

"You know I've had a legacy," said Eames, laughing.

"I begin to think you have," said the editor.

When Eames appeared on the street in his new suit it was a confirmation of the news of his inheritance. His removal to a fashionable boarding-house was additional confirmation. It was wonderful how he rose in the estimation of people who had before looked upon him as a shiftless artist.

All at once it occurred to him. "Why shouldn't I propose for Mary Brooks? With twenty thousand dollars I could certainly support her comfortably. There was a very pretty cottage, and tasteful grounds, for sale at five thousand dollars. This would make a charming home."

One morning with considerable trepidation, young Eames broached the subject to Mr. Brooks.

"No one I should like better for a son-in-law, if Mary is willing," was the prompt answer.

Mary was willing, and as there seemed no good reason for waiting, the marriage took place within a few weeks.

"Charles," said his father-in-law, after the young people returned from their wedding journey, "it is time for me to render you an account of your money affairs. I have been lucky in my investments, and I have thirty-one thousand dollars to your credit, or deducting the amount paid for your house, twenty-six thousand dollars. By the way, have you received your aunt's bequest?"

"I received it yesterday," said Charles.

"Indeed!"

"Here it is," said the young man, and he produced a battered silver watch.

"Do you mean to say this is all she left you?" asked his father-in-law, stupefied.

"Yes, sir."

Ezekiel Brooks whistled in sheer amazement, and his countenance fell. For a moment he regretted his daughter's marriage, but then came the thought that his son-in-law, through a lucky mistake, was really the possessor of quite a comfortable property, which under his management might be increased. So he submitted with a good grace, and is on the best of terms with his daughter's husband, who is now in Italy with his wife, pursuing a course of artistic study. He treasures carefully the old watch, which he regards as the foundation of his prosperity.—[Yankee Blade.

A Famous Goose.

An interesting relic is preserved in a glass case in the Coldstream Guards' orderly room at Whitehall. It consists of the head and neck of a goose, around which is a golden collar with the inscription "Jacob—Second Battalion Coldstream Guards." Beneath it are the words: "Died on Duty." In 1838 a rebellion broke out in our Canadian possessions and two battalions of the Guards were sent thither to assist in quelling it, the battalion already mentioned being one of them.

Both corps occupied the citadel of Quebec, and in their turn supplied the guards which were ordered to be mounted in different parts of the town neighborhood. Near one of these guards was a farmyard which had suffered much from the ravages of foxes—animals were at that period a great pest to the colonists; and as the farm in question had been suspected of being the meeting place of rebels, a chain of sentries was placed around it.

One day the sentry whose duty it was to watch the entrance to the farm had his attention attracted by an unusual noise, and on looking toward the spot whence it proceeded, he beheld a fine goose fleeing toward him, closely pursued by a fox. His first impulse was to have a shot at the latter, but this would have alarmed the guard and brought condign punishment on himself for giving a false alarm. He was compelled, therefore, to remain a silent spectator of the scene, while every step brought the Reynard nearer to his prey.

In the height of its despair the poor bird ran its head and neck between the legs of the soldier in its frantic endeavor to reach the refuge which the sentry-box could afford, and at the same moment the wily fox made a desperate grab at the goose, but too late, for ere he could get a feather between his teeth, the ready bayonet of the sentinel had passed through its body.

The poor goose, by way of showing its gratitude to its preserver, rubbed its head against his legs, and made other equally curious demonstrations of joy; nor could it ever be prevailed upon to quit the post, but walked up and down day after day with each successive sentry that was placed there until the battalion left Canada, when the goose was brought away with it as a regimental pet, to England.—[Chamber's Journal.

Woods that Sink in Water.

There are 413 species of trees found within the limits of the United States and territories, sixteen of which, when perfectly seasoned, will sink in water. The heaviest of these is the black ironwood found only in southern Florida, which is more than 30 per cent. heavier than water. Of the other fifteen, the best known is the lignum vitæ, and the mangrove. Texas and New Mexico, lands full of queer creeping, crawling, walking and inanimate things, are the homes of a species of oak which is about one and one-fourth times heavier than water, and which, when green, will sink almost as quick as a bar of iron. It grows only in mountain regions, and has been found westward as far as the Colorado desert, where it grows at an elevation of 10,000 feet. All the species heavier than water belong to tropical Florida, or in the west and southwest.—[Commercial Advertiser.

An Old Clock Maker.

Hiram Camp, president of the New Haven (Conn.) Clock Company, has been in the clock-making business for over sixty years, all the time with one concern. He probably knows more about the history of clock manufacture in this country than any other man in the Nutmeg State, which gave birth to the business a hundred years ago, and has monopolized it to a great extent ever since. In the days of wooden clocks the manufacturers made up a few at a time and peddled them through the country, and the filling of an order for a hundred clocks would have been considered the work of an ordinary lifetime. Now the companies in Connecticut and other parts of the country turn out over two million clocks a year.

A SHIP'S LARDER.

THE MOUNTAINS OF FOOD USED ON AN OCEAN STEAMER.

Beef, Butter, Bread and Vegetables by the Ton.

In the busy season the City of Paris carries about 550 first cabin, 250 second cabin and 650 steerage passengers. There are 400 in the ship's company, including doctors, printers, boiler makers, six bakers, three butchers, seventeen cooks, hydraulic, electric and other engineers to the number of thirty-two, 148 stewards and eight stewardesses. So there may be about 1,850 aboard.

Notwithstanding the fact that many of the passengers are seasick from the time they pass Sandy Hook until Fastnet is sighted, they manage to consume in one trip something like 13,000 pounds of fresh beef, 3,000 pounds of corned beef, 4,000 pounds of mutton, 1,000 pounds of lamb, 2,000 pounds of veal and pork, 15,000 pounds of bacon, 500 pounds of liver, tripe, and sausages, 200 hams, 300 pounds of fish, 20,000 eggs, 17 tons of potatoes, 3 tons of other vegetables, 3,600 pounds of butter, 600 pounds of cheese, 600 pounds of coffee, 350 pounds of tea, 100 pounds of icing sugar, 150 pounds of powdered sugar, 670 pounds of loaf sugar, 3,000 pounds of moist sugar, 700 pounds of salt, 200 pounds of nuts, 560 pounds of dried fruit, 20 barrels of apples, 3,600 lemons, 20 cases of oranges—and other green fruit in season—300 bottles of pickles, 150 bottles of ketchup, sauce, and horse radish, and 150 cans of preserves.

There are also quantities of poultry, oysters, sardines, canned vegetables, and soups, vinegar, pepper, mustard, curry, rice, tapioca, sago, hominy, oatmeal, molasses, condensed milk, "tinned" Boston beans, confectionery and ice cream. Fifty pounds of ice cream are served at a single meal in the first cabin.

Thirty tons of ice are required to keep the great storerooms cool. Eight barrels of flour are used daily. The bakers are busy from dawn of day. They make 4000 delicious Parker House rolls for breakfast every morning. Thirty eight-pound loaves of white bread and 100 pounds of brown bread are baked each day; also pies, puddings, cakes, etc.

Eight barrels of common crackers and a hundred tins of fancy crackers are stowed away in the storeroom, together with 100 pounds of wine and plum cake, not a crumb of which is left when Liverpool is reached. Six thousand bottles of ale and porter, 4,200 bottles of mineral waters, 4,500 bottles of wine, and more or less ardent spirits are drunk inside of six days by the guests of this huge floating hotel. About 3,000 cigars are sold on board, but many more are smoked. Two hundred pounds of toilet soap is supplied by the steamship company.

One of the odd sights to be seen on the double-decked Inman pier soon after the arrival of the "queen of the ocean greyhounds" is the great stacks of soiled linen which are being assorted by about a dozen stewards. Here is the wash list for a single trip: Napkins, 8300; tablecloths, 180; sheets, 3600; pillow cases, 4400; towels, 16,200, and dozens of blankets and counterpanes. Although the list is very short, it requires four large two-horse trucks to carry the wash to the Inman Company's steam laundry in Jersey City. In less than a week it is back in the lockers of the linen rooms, which are in charge of a regular linen keeper. There is no washing done aboard. Many of the ship's company have their washing done in New York, but the greater number have it done in Liverpool.—[New York Sun.

Valuable Hints to Fishermen.

Clarence Deming, in a recent article, gives some valuable hints to fishermen as regards the weather question. He says that when fishing for trout in swift or rippling waters the weather makes little difference unless it rains. Nor does cloudy weather aid one to take fish in water over fifteen feet deep of a lake or pond, unless that water is very clear; indeed, a still bright day, which is apt to drive the fish to the cool, shadowy depths, is often best for this deeper fishing. A rough, windy day is, generally speaking, almost as timely as a cloudy one for lake fishing, or for the usually smooth reaches of a stream. For pickerel the wind-beaten water is the best of all whether the day is bright or not. If you happen to know where a large, timid, and sly trout lies in still water, your time of all others for taking him is during a hard rain which beats the water and prevents the finny aristocrat from either seeing you or feeling the jar of your approach.

Privation.

Mr. Phileas Fogg (in the west).—I suppose you meet with a good many hardships out here on the plains?

Lariat Luke.—Hardships? I should say so! Why, pard, I've sometimes been obliged to chaw smokin' terbacker!—[Puck.

History of the Gallows.

Evidently the stout arm of a tree served as the primitive gallows, and such was in use at a very early period in man's history. In the book of Esther we read that Haman was hanged on the tree that had been prepared for Mordecai. In more recent times, in ancient ballads and accounts of the gallows, references are made to the "fatal tree," the "gallows tree," the "triple tree," "Tyburn tree," etc. A tree was not, however, always conveniently placed to convert it into a gallows, and thus the introduction of the simple construction, consisting of two upright posts and a transverse beam, the principle of which has not been materially altered from its first introduction.

The gallows at times differed in height, which was increased in accordance with the heinousness of the crime of the culprit. These elevated erections were made use of at the executions of the regicides in the seventeenth century, and thus it was that long ladders were required in carrying out the last extremities of the law. When ladders were used the executioner mounted one and the culprit the other. The rope having been adjusted to the cross-beam, the executioner would descend and remove his ladder, leaving the condemned wretch on the other, engaged in his last appeals for mercy. These prayers were at times exceedingly prolonged, after finishing which the miserable wretch was expected to throw himself off the ladder and thus to a certain extent become his own executioner.

Courage, however, would often fail at the last moment, and his prayer would be continued for a long time. When it was evident that the culprit was praying against time, the executioner would stealthily reach the ladder on which he stood and overthrow it, and the body would consequently then be swinging in the throes and agonies of death. At one period it was customary to carry out the execution of a criminal as near as possible to the spot where the crime for which he suffered was committed.

Fortune in a Toy.

George D. Smith, at present proprietor of one of the best-known restaurants in New York city, has had an eruptive money-making career. Twenty years ago he started in Chicago with a good capital, but no business experience. Two years later some one else had the capital and Mr. Smith had learned something about business.

Mr. Smith, when almost at the end of his financial rope, invented the street toy called "Bazouk," which sold at the rate of 50,000 a day when at the height of its popularity. Mr. Smith cleared $50,000 in a few months out of this toy.

For the last six or seven years he has derived an income of $2500 out of its sale. The restaurant that he started on the profits of the "Bazouk" now nets him $50,000 a year.

John Brisben Walker, the millionaire magazine proprietor, tried a dozen different roads to wealth without success, until as a last resource he went to Colorado, and securing a ranch began to grow "alfalfa" grass on a large scale. The alfalfa netted him large sums, which he invested in Western lands, which have since made him a millionaire.

A. B. de Frece gained independent wealth as easily as rolling off the traditional log. Mr. de Frece has a national reputation, won by his successful management of all the large fairs which have taken place in this city during the past five years. Mr. Frece some years ago was in the wholesale button business. He invented a peculiar style of button which, in addition to giving him a good sized fortune, brings him in an annual income of many thousands.—[New York Journal.

Warm Salt Baths are Refreshing.

A warm salt bath is very refreshing to any one suffering from the exhaustion of travel or of a long shopping expedition—which is as trying to mind and body as anything that can be undertaken by a woman. Away from the seashore a very simple substitute for sea-water is a cup of rock-salt dissolved in warm water and added to the bath. When the salt is irritating to the skin take a warm bath and sponge off with a mixture of violet or lavender water and alcohol, about half and half, and rub briskly with a warm friction towel. Such a method prevents the exhaustion and danger of cold which follows a warm bath.—

Coffee Making by Electricity.

At a certain Berlin cafe the lighting and ventilation are effected by means of electricity. In the centre of the room there are several large glass jars through which passes a platinum wire in spiral form. The electricity, on heating the wire, speedily raises the temperature of the water in the jars to boiling point and prepares the coffee in the sight of everybody. Lastly, a small electric railway transmits the coffee to the various tables, so that the guests may help themselves to their liking.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

NICHOLSON now captains Toledo.

THE game is "booming" in Hawaii.

THE Boston Leaguers want Dunlap.

THE attendance is improving all around.

THE Buffalo infield is doing great stick work.

THE double umpire system is an assured success.

THIS has been a remarkable season for disabled players.

THE Hawaiians, of the Sandwich Islands, want a pitcher.

FOGERTY has left the Philadelphia Brotherhood team again.

THE Players' League leads the country in home runs and long hits.

KERINS has succeeded McCarthy as captain of the St. Louis Browns.

EXTRA inning games abound in the American Association this season.

BIERBAUER, of the Brooklyn Brotherhood Club, has a fielding average of .935.

JOE MULVEY is at present playing the best game in the Brotherhood at third base.

HOME runs are being made with remarkable frequency by the Players' League batters.

JOYCE, the the third baseman of the Brooklyn Brotherhood team, is a clever ball player.

BOSTON has more left-handed pitchers than any other Brotherhood club—Madden, Kilroy and Daley.

EASTERBROOK, Glasscock, Bassett and Denny make a stonewall infield for the New York Leaguers.

IT is said that Second Baseman Dunlap has an annual income of $5000 from his real estate investments.

PITCHER MICKEY WELCH is no longer a king of New York. Young Rusie has robbed him of his honors.

THERE is more baseball than the public can stand, and the gate-money is not near as big as the magnates expected.

GILKS has already played four different positions for Cleveland's Players' League team. He is still a utility man.

PETE BROWNING, of the Cleveland Brotherhood team, is putting up a game unequaled by any left fielder in the Players' League.

THIRTY-EIGHT players of the Brotherhood have an average of .300 and over, and seventeen of the National League have a similar record.

RHINES, of Cincinnati; Rusie, of New York, and Hutchinson, of the Chicagos, are dividing the pitching honors in the National League.

CAPTAIN ANSON doesn't allow any of his players to loiter about. He hurries them on and off the field and keep them constantly on the move.

HARRY WRIGHT and Deacon White are now the only active connecting links between the baseball of the past and the baseball of the present.

COONEY, of Chicago, and Herman Long, of Boston, will be great rivals for shortstop honors in the League this season. Both are playing a great game.

EXPERIMENTS made at Brotherhood Park in New York demonstrated that the Players' League ball is about twice as lively as the one used by the League.

O'ROURKE, of the New York Players' team, has made but two errors in thirty games. He has had sixty-four put outs and eleven assists.

CAPTAIN KELLY'S work behind the bat so far this season has never been excelled in this country. The Boston Brotherhood star is sure death to base-runners.

IF Esterbrook, of the New York League Club, keeps up his present batting form he may repeat his brilliant achievement of 1884, when he led the Ameriaan Association batters.

A KANSAS paper says that the Germans in many parts of the West have learned to speak and read English solely for the reason that it is the only language in which intelligible reports of baseball games are printed.

DANNY RICHARDSON, of the New York Players' team, says: "It takes Brotherhood players to field the kind of balls that are being used in that organization. They are so lively that they almost tear the hands off the players."

WHILE baseball is undergoing a sort of purging in America, the great game is evidently taking strong root in England. There is no doubt of its popularity among the amateurs who have taken it up and the professional league has started in with excellent prospects.

CHILDS, the Syracuse second baseman, is the greatest record-breaker of the season. In a recent game with the Toledos he accepted eighteen out of nineteen chances, and in the last inning won the game for his side by stealing home from third on a slow throw of the catcher to the pitcher's box.

MEMORIAL DAY figures speak for themselves: Total attendance at all Brotherhood games, 39,080; League, 28,166. In 1889 the total attendance at all League games on Memorial Day was 41,497. The attendance at all games of the four leading leagues in 1890 was 110,391, and in 1889 the number was 119,464.

DUNLAP did not sign with New York, notwithstanding reports to that effect and his appearance with the New York Club one day. "Dunny" wanted more money than the New York Club was inclined to pay and also wanted a two years' contract. This was refused. He only played in one game to help Ewing out.

A PITCHER is about the only player on a team nowadays who does not wear a glove. Twelve years ago nobody wore a glove but the catcher, and he was content with a pair of ladies' kid gloves. Now the average backstop wears hand protectors that are larger than those worn by pugilists in contests that are allowed by law.

THE ups and downs of baseball are often very rapid. It is not generally known that the great Short Stop Long had a chance to join the All-America team on the around-the-world trip. But he played so poorly in his first games, due largely to nervousness, that he was voted "no good," and dropped. This made an opening for Catcher Billy Earle, who made a great record on the trip. Now his position is insignificant, while Long is said to be the best fielding short stop in the country.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Boston	26	15	.634	Philadel'a.	21	20	.512
Brooklyn	24	20	.545	Cleveland	16	30	.440
New York	23	18	.561	Pittsburg	17	21	.447
Chicago	19	20	.487	Buffalo	11	23	.324

NATIONAL LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Philadel.	27	14	.659	New York.	19	23	.452
Cincin'ati	27	13	.675	Boston	19	22	.463
Chicago	23	16	.590	Cleveland	13	24	.351
Brooklyn	23	17	.575	Pittsburg	9	31	.225

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Athletic	26	13	.667	Toledo	17	21	.447
Rochester	26	16	.610	Columbus	19	23	.452
Louisville	23	17	.575	Syracuse	15	23	.395
St. Louis	21	20	.512	Brooklyn	12	25	.324

ATLANTIC ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Baltimore	24	12	.667	Wash'g'tn	18	19	.486
N. Haven	25	11	.694	Jersey City	18	18	.500
Worcester	19	12	.613	Hartford	11	23	.324
Newark	21	17	.538	Wilm'g'tn.	7	31	.184

FLOODS IN CANADA.

Buildings and Bridges Swept Away in Many Towns.

Washouts Cause Great Damage to the Railroads.

A dispatch from Barrie, Ontario, Canada, says: The most disastrous flood that ever visited this town has just occurred in consequence of a two days' heavy rain. The main drain caved in and was consequently of no use in carrying away the tremendous flow that came down from the hills along the roads like immense rivers. All the streets in the central portion of the town were completely submerged. The water was fully two feet deep and many stores were flooded. The streets in the vicinity of Five Points are washed away to a depth of from six to eight feet. The chasm at present is fully fifty feet wide. The vast body of water which rushed down carried everything in its path to the bay. The railway track is washed away and traffic is blocked. A number of freight cars were washed into the bay. The rainfall was phenomenal. The loss to the town was estimated at about $50,000.

The most disastrous freshet ever known in Canada occurred at Greenwood, Canada. For two nights terrific thunderstorms raged and the waters were high. The climax was reached when four small dams north of that place gave way. Roads were submerged, cellars flooded, bridges carried away and telegraph wires broken. Timber and trees are floating in all directions. A number of cattle and horses were also carried away.

A part of an embankment about 150 feet long and 50 feet deep on the main line of the Grand Trunk Railroad between Komoka and London, in the Province of Ontario, Canada, gave way. The accident was caused by the recent heavy rains. Through trains were run around by St. Thomas without much delay. It was expected that the break would be repaired in three days. It was discovered by the section men in time to prevent an accident.

In consequence of heavy rain and the sweeping away of two large mill dams the village of Schomberg, Canada, sustained heavy losses. Business houses and private dwellings were swept away by the flood, and many persons were left homeless and in destitute circumstances. The total loss was estimated at $15,000 or more.

A portion of the Canadian Pacific Railway track, a number of bridges, several frame structures, trees, etc., were swept away by a disastrous flood at Orangeville, Canada. The heaviest losses were sustained by the breaking of two mill dams and the almost total wreck of shingle mills owned in Mount Forest. The loss could not be estimated.

A cloudburst occurred a few miles from Brooklyn, Canada, which caused the creek which runs through that village to assume the proportions of a mighty river. A great amount of property was destroyed, and a number of buildings were carried away. Six bridges were also carried away, and roads were washed out in all directions.

Over 100 feet of the Midland Railway track was washed out at Port Hope, Canada, by a flood at the Globe Fibre Works, to the depth of fifteen or twenty feet. Eighty feet of the track was also washed out a short distance north of the town, cutting off all traffic in that direction. Six or seven bridges were carried away in the township of Hope. Two large bridges were also carried away, and most of the boat houses below the viaduct, with all their contents, were swept into the lake. No lives were lost. The damage will foot up $25,000.

In the vicinity of Bowmanville and around Tyrone many bridges and manufacturing establishments have been wrecked or carried off bodily, and much live stock has been drowned.

Two bad washouts occurred on the Canadian Pacific Railway between Owen Sound, Canada, and Orangeville, and traffic was suspended for twenty-four hours.

Several mill dams north of Pickering, Canada, were washed out, swelling the river to a mighty torrent. Eight bridges near there have been swept away, some of them large structures, and timbers and fences were scattered in all directions.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

CALIFORNIA imports all its oysters.

SALT manufacturers are combining.

CANADA is considering penny postage.

THE English Derby was won by Sainfoin.

HORSE-FLESH is sold at 132 shops in Paris.

MOUNT ETNA is in a violent state of activity.

CROP prospects in Europe continue favorable.

CONNECTICUT fruit this year will be plentiful.

THE apple tree worm has begun operations.

WINTER wheat in the West is in poor condition.

THERE are 16,000 flour mills in the United States.

THIS year is destined to be a great one in mining.

A WATER famine is threatened in New York city.

THE planting of cotton was late, except in the Carolinas.

THE thefts of valuable dogs in England are on the increase.

NEW YORK pays $120,000 a month to keep her streets clean.

A SMALL green bug is attacking the rye fields in Pennsylvania.

A FRESH Nihilist plot against the Czar has been discovered in Paris.

COMPLAINTS are made of extensive cattle stealing in South Dakota.

THE internal revenue is carrying into the Treasury $1,500,000 a month.

IN Chicago on a recent Sunday the police gathered in 206 lost children.

A $10,000,000 cracker trust has been formed in Minneapolis, Minn.

THE United States manufactured 70,000,000 pairs of suspenders last year.

THE Indian training school at Carlisle, Penn., has now enrolled 728 scholars.

OREGON expects an addition of 150,000 to its population this year by emigration.

A ROYAL order prescribes knee breeches and buckle shoes for the German court.

THE bank deposits of Kansas are now $2,500,000 more than they were a year ago.

THE Watkins's tower, 1250 feet high, will be erected at Willesden, a London suburb.

IN some of the mountain passes of Washington the snow is still seventy-five feet deep.

CHIEF TOHEE has signed over to the Government 228,418 acres of Indian Territory lands.

FORT WORTH, Texas, will erect a fireproof spring palace to take the place of the one burned.

IT is said that Lord Salisbury will hand over all the Lake Nyanza country, Africa, to Germany.

THE demand for St. Bernards is increasing in Europe. Offers of $2000 for dogs have been refused.

WINTER wheat fields have been plowed up in various positions of Illinois because of frost and cold rains.

UNDER the new contract for stamped envelopes the United States Government will save $325,000 in the next four years.

THE Tombs, New York city, is crowded with 400 prisoners, where the accommodations are intended for only about 300.

AN attempt is to be made to keep out of the country Mormon immigrants, on the ground that they are contract laborers.

THE Bey of Tunis has decreed that every African domestic in his dominions must be given a certificate of freedom, and all slaveholding players who do not comply with the regulation will be fined.

IT is reported that the Vanderbilt railway system has under consideration a project with the capitalists of [illegible]

THAT country editors are sometimes very busy men is evidenced by the following editorial paragraph from a recent issue of the Waitsburg (Wash.) *Times*: "When we returned from dinner on Tuesday we found a piece of paper sticking into the keyhole of our office door, on which was written these words: 'Been here twice to subscribe for the *Times*, but failed to find you in. Send it to me and I will hand you $2 the next time I am in town.' We very much regret being absent when the writer called, but Great Scott! we can't take money all the time. We've got to take time to eat."

A DESIRABLE

Christmas Present for Gentleman:

MAKERS:

Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

TOWN AND FARM MORTGAGES.

It is a mistaken idea that the tendency toward mortgage indebtedness is more general and excessive among farmers than with residents of town and cities. The wild rush for speculation, the desire to purchase something beyond the capacity of purse and bank account has become universal. The world, with all its hidden wealth, and all the property of its inhabitants could not be sold for a sufficient amount to pay off the indebtednesss of the present century!

The soil and business of the entire world are supporting two owners of all the property—deed-holders and mortgage holders. One generation of mortgage givers is continually giving away to another and the value of the mortgages gradually increases as the property becomes more valuable or decreases as it diminishes in worth.

The business of the world is a vast kaleidoscope and its changes are unceasing. The rapid evolutions follow the sun in its course, while the mortgages constantly shift the scenes, night and day. Indebtedness is not confined to any one class, or to any one portion of the world. It is universal and constantly increasing.

Demagogues of late years have been attempting to exaggerate the farm indebtedness above that of all other classes, in order that they might gain the sympathy and votes of the farmers to aid them in their political aspirations, An examination of the records will speedily demonstrate that the ratio of farm indebtedness is less than that of manufacturers and business men of the towns and cities.

There is vastly too much going into debt. It would be greatly better to suffer inconvenience for a few months or years than to place a mortgage on the home, but the impatient spirit of the closing years of the Nineteenth century brooks no delay, and the risk of loss of home or business by mortgage is too readily accepted.

It is irritating to some of the farmers to hear demagogue speakers prating about the mortgages on every farm." The long period of depression in values of farm products has made times close with many farmers, and some mortgages have been foreclosed on farms, but nothing like in as great ratio as the foreclosures in towns and cities,

"America for Americans" should be the motto of every loyal citizen, provided the word "Americans" is intended to include every man who believes in true American principles, is anxious to conserve our Republican institutions and loves the country in which he lives, regardless of what corner of the earth may have been his birthplace.

One of the young women who was employed as a Census Enumerator in New York city plied a bachelor on her route with the prescribed questions so skillfully as to win his heart upon the spot. His replies to her interrogatories on the subject of his financial condition were prompt and satisfactory, and they are to be married forthwith.

Reports from various parts of the country indicate that Texas and California are about the only States in which fair crops of peaches will be gathered this year. In the great peach-growing counties of the eastern shores of Maryland and Delaware the crop is reported to be almost a total failure.

People who talk about the proposed Tariff being in any of its parts prohibitory have not given the matter a serious consideration. There is protection and revenue in it, but no prohibition. There could not be much prohibition in a tariff that admits of such enormous importations.

The Philadelphia *Press* figures out that the two clauses of the McKinley bill raising the duty on tin plate and on yarn and woolen goods, will result in giving employment to 75,000 additional workingmen. So it claims, on this account, 75,000 good reasons for passing the bill.

The Democratic Executive State Committee met in Raleigh last week and elected Ed. Chambers Smith Chairman to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Whitaker. They decided to call the State Convention on the 20th of August.

A writer says the modern farmer not only wants to be the tiller of the soil, but he wants to handle the tiller of State also.

The people of Speaker Reed's district know a good man when they see him. He has been unanimously re-nominated.

THE CENSUS—A GREAT WORK.

There is something impressive in the thought that a work as mighty as the taking of the census has been in progress silently during the past two weeks, with so little stir or attention on the part of the public, and that the close of the month will see the vast mass of facts all committed to record.

Here is an undertaking that would have baffled the power of the greatest and most powerful nations of antiquity. We have sixty-five millions of people, scattered over a territory reaching from ocean to ocean. They are a busy and a migratory people. They are of all nationalities and of every grade of intelligence. A complete enumeration of these, and a detailed account of the circumstances of their lives is to be made out. It is a work that could be done only by the most complete system of organization and the perfected machinery of governmental power. In every district in the country the enumerators are going their round, and as the result the state and progress of the Nation will be measured.

From the facts gathered science will formulate new laws and modify old, and upon them legislation of the greatest moment will be based for a decade to come. Just as, on election day, twelve millions of men go to the polls and decide the fate of parties and the control of national destinies with as little disturbance as they elect a justice of the peace, so on the decennial year the annals of progress are made up by a quiet canvass that reaches the remotest settler in the winderness and the humblest dweller in the crowded haunts of cities.

There are few events which so well illustrate the silent power and ordered progress of self-government as the process of census taking. The nation is not indifferent, but simply unconscious of a work that could be possible or valuable only in a state of high civilization.

The telegraph reports that a young "gentleman" of Louisville, Ky., has run away with a "woman and some cash." He would have been very far from bright if he had run away with the woman without any cash.

The objection which the Importers raise against the Tariff bill is that "it will check importations." That means, of course, that more goods would have to be manufactured in this country. Well, that's just what the bill is here for.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, June 13, 1890.

The President is much pleased that the Conference committee has agreed and the House and Senate passed a pension bill. The new bill is the result of a compromise, the Senate conferees withdrawing the dependent feature, and the House conferees withdrawing the service feature of the bill which had previously passed the House. This makes a disability measure of the new bill, which will become a law in a few days. Representative Morrill estimates that the new law will add about $36,000,000 per year to the pension expenditures of the government, The new bill limits the charges of pension agents to ten dollars for each claim prepared under it.

The silver question is becoming quite interesting in the Senate, the Finance committee having after adding several amendments to the caucus bill which passed the House last week, reported that measure favorably, and Senator Morrill has given notice that he will, at the proper time, offer the House bill as a substitute for the Jones bill which the Senate has been discussing for several weeks. After to-day the speeches on the subject, in the Senate, will be limited to five minutes.

It is stated to day that the Senate Finance committee has practically completed its consideration of the McKinley tariff bill, and that the bill will be reported to the Senate next week. Perhaps it will be, but it is doubtful.

The House republican caucus has agreed to consolidate the Rowell and Lodge Federal election bills. After that is done another caucus will be held to determine whether the bill shall be pushed through at this session or left over until next winter. If the House should pass it it is extremely doubtful whether it could be gotten through the Senate.

The Republican Congressional campaign committee has opened headquarters here, and the work will be rushed just as soon as a secretary shall be selected to take the place of Mr. Schuyler S. Olds, of Michigan, who has unexpectedly resigned the secretaryship to which he was elected last year.

The Republican Senatorial caucus nominated ex-Representative Valentine, of Nebraska, as Sergeant-at-Arms to succeed Mr. Canaday whose resignation is to take effect July I. There was a number of other candidates, but they were all out of the race after the first ballot. Mr. Valentine is well known here, and he is certain to make an efficient and popular officer.

Commissioner of Pensions Raum indignantly denies the allegations in the resolution offered by Representative Cooper providing for an investigation of the pension office and says that he is ready at any time to have every act he has performed since taking charge of the office thoroughly investigated, and he hopes the House will adopt Mr. Cooper's resolution.

Representative Springer was charged in the lobby of the House, Tuesday, with opposing the passage of a private bill by the House through improper motives. Mr. Springer threatened to have the man who publicly accused him, brought before the bar of the House, but he didn't do it. Was he afraid that the man could prove the charge?

Mr Blaine is not worrying himself over the attacks made upon him by the English newspapers because of the stand taken by this country in relation to the Behring Sea fisheries and there is no probability of any change in our policy.

Strawberries at N. C. Agricultural Experiment Station.

W. F. Massey, Horticulturist.

Every spring the grower of small fruit is overrun with circulars and pictures describing wonderful strawberries, which the disseminators promise will supersede all others now grown. Nine-tenths of these new berries are either old sorts re-named or if new possess no features entitling them to prominence over older sorts. But to ascertain these facts the grower is involved in much expense, irritation and loss of time, The Experiment Stations are intended to do this for him and then tell him the exact truth so far as his section is concerned. This we endeavor to do at the North Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station at Raleigh, We are endeavoring to test all, old and new, under like conditions of soil and climate, and not only this but we are growing from seed thousands of strawberry plants in the hope of producing a variety better suited to our State than those now grown. We want the active co-operation of every fruit grower in the State, and want them to question us on every matter of interest in their culture. Every careful grower learns facts of interest and all have their special difficulties.

The Power of Money

What an influence for good or evil is exerted by the proper of improper use of money. It seems to be the first essential of modern life. Sad indeed is the lot of that man or that woman without money and without friends. Especially in cases of sickness is the need of money felt more pressingly, and yet even the rich, with all their money, fall into a state of poor health and die, whereas if their money was rightly expended and the proper remedies applied they might regain health and strength.

Z. A. Clark, Atlanta, Ga, says; "I spent four hundred and eighty dollars in gold to cure me of terrible blood poison that affected my limbs and nose and body, with running ulcers. One month's treatment of B B. B. healed the ulcers, restored my appetite, strengthened my kidneys and added 21 pounds to weight

Still, in spite of this and much other testimony there are many who refuse to try the remedy, seeming to perfer to pay large fees to physicians or visit distant springs in vain hopes of recovery. The great truth however, ever shines brightly and that is that no one who ever gave B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) a trial ever found disappointment therein.

O. H. Rudolph, Talladega, Fla, writes: "I had blood disease for six years, but nothing benefited me, although I paid two hundred and fifty dollars for treatment. At last I tried B. B. B. and found it a quick and cheap blood purifier.

The Weather and the Farmer

F. C. von Heermann, Meteorologist.

In cannot be denied that the state of the weather is a most important factor in farming. The success or failure of a crop is nearly always attributed to the favorable or unfavorable effect of the weather, Yet, until recently, it was hardly thought that the study of the subject would yield much of practical utility. That there has been a rapid development of the science of the weather during the past few years and a growing recognition of its importance to the farmer is evident from the fact that thirty-two States now have organized weather services. The North Carolina State Weather Service was established as a division of the Experiment Station in 1886.

The important work of this division is the collection of meteorological data from which the climatic conditions of every section of the State may be determined,

The weather service is practically useful to the farmer mainly through the distribution of weather forecasts, cold wave and frost warnings. A valuable feature is the weather crop bulletin which gives weekly a brief statement of the effect of the weather on staple crops and entirely prevents outside misrepresentations of the condition of the farmer's crops and enables him to estimate their probable value. It will be sent to all who desire it.

Tongue-tied by Prosperity.

Chicago Inter-Ocean,

The newspapers that were three months ago talking glibly about "the mortgaged farmers" and "cornburners," and pitying them for the paltry price they received for corn and wheat and barley scarcely know how to act or what to say about prices of all these grains bouncing up just when "the robber tariff" was preparing to suppress them still more.

A Marvelous Discovery Free.

Superfluous Hair Removed Permanently, Instantaneously, without pain or injury to the skin by Edison's Electro-Chemical Fluid, can be applied by a child. Circulars, Testimonials and Sample Bottle sent free, on receipt of 16 cents Stamps to pay postage. ELECTRO-CHEMICAL CO., 46 West 14th Street, New York.

A census enumerator at Richmond has found a colored woman named Martha Gray who has had thirty-seven children since 1868. She has given birth to triplets six times, twins six times and to seven others singly. She is now living with her third husband, and of the thirty seven children but one survives.

Not in the "Book Trust."

The statement has been widely circulated, probably by parties who wished it might be true, that John B. Alden, Publisher of New York, Chicago and Atlanta, had joined the "Book Trust," which is trying to monopolize the publication of standard books, and to increase prices from 25 to 100 per cent. Mr. Alden sends us word that he has *not* joined the trust and there is not and never has been any probability of his joining it The "Literary Revolution" which has accomplished such wonderful results within the past ten years, in popularizing literature of the highest character (no "trash ever finds place on his list), still goes on. Instead of increasing prices large reduction in prices have recently been made, particular on copyright books by American authors. A catalogue of 96 pages is sent free to any applicant. One of latest issues from his press is "Stanley's Emin Pasha Expedition," by Wauters, a very handsome, large-type, illustrated volume, reduced in price from $2 to 50 cents. This work tells a most interesting and complete story, beginning with the conquest of the Soudan, and continuing through years of African exploration, the revolt of the Mahdi, the siege of Khartoum, with the death of Gordon the return of Dr. Junker, besides the story of Stanley's own adventures, including his successful Relief Expedition. It is one of the best and most complete works issued upon the subject. Send Alden your address and you will receive his 96-page catalogue, and from time to time specimen pages of his new publications. John B. Alden, Publisher, 393 Pearl St, New York, also Chicago and Atlanta.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind, writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, from that bad feeling arising from kidney and liver troubles." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best kidney and liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50 cents a bottle at A. Wadsworth's drug store.

THE LABOR QUESTION IN EUROPE. In recent years the labor question has been so widely agitated and discussed than anything concerning it is of deep interest to all classes of people, and the opinion of a man so competent to write on that subject as Mr. John Burns, who, it will be remembered was closely connected with the strike of the dock men in London, will be read with special appreciation. Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper for the week ending June 21st contains an article written by that gentleman on "The Labor Question in Europe." This article, written in a comprehensive style, gives clearly and briefly an outline of the present condition of the labor party in the various countries of Europe, and we recommedd it to our readers as most interesting.

Many Persons

Are broken down from overwork or household cares **Brown's Iron Bitters** rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

STATE NEWS.

The annual meeting of the County Superintendents of Public Instruction will be held in Assembly Hall, Morehead City, June 23d, at 3:30 p. m.

Mr. Sam Black, of Raleigh, has sold two fillies by Pamlico, foaled this spring, for $500, which is said to be the highest price ever paid for suckling colts in North Carolina.

Col. John Robinson, Commissioner of Agriculture, tells the Raleigh Visitor that he has never seen cotton and corn improve so much as it has in the last few days in all his life; that from present prospects there must be abundant crops made this year.

W. H. Brown's prize acre of corn at Menola, planted the 12th of April, is said by a man who has just been through seven counties to be far better than any other he has seen, It is six feet high, and looking across the rows it appears to be a solid mass of living green.

Ex-Governor C. H. Brogden, who has filled the offices of Governer of North Carolina, State Senator, Comptroller and Member of Congress, is now discharging the duties of census enumerator in Wayne county. The strange part of the matter is that the ex-Governor, etc, is worth not less than $100,000.

Quartermaster-General Olds, of the North Carolina State Guard, has returned from Wrightsville, where he has completed all the arrangements for the annual encampment of the State Guard. Elaborate accommodations have been arranged for the troops, and information is received that there will be a larger number of companies in camp than ever before.

In the United States Court in Raleigh two "green goods" dealers, W. H. Robinson and R. E. Robinson, of Arcola and Mountain View, N. C., respectfully, were tried and convicted for using the United States mails to defraud by what is known as the "green goods swindle." The Robinson's advertised to supply "C money" at the rate of $10 for $1. They sent out a circular price list in which they described their "C money" as fine greenbacks made in imitation of the new silver certificates.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Notice.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:—Eastern District of North Carolina

Whereas a libel has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina at Elizabeth City, in said district, on the 19th day of May, 1890, by James A. Morton against the Sloop Curtie Matilda, her tackle, apparel, furniture, etc, and against all persons claiming the same, or knowing or having anything to say why the same should not be condemned and sold to pay the amount of said libel, with cost, charges and expenses.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said sloop, her tackle, &c, or in any manner interested therein, that I will sell the same at Elizabeth City, N. C, on Wednesday, June 18, 1890, at 12 o'clock M.

J. B. HILL, U. S. Marshal,

By THOS. P WILCOX Dept'y U. S. Marshal.

Notice! Notice!!

By virtue of an assignment made to me by Jacob Salomonsky on February 12th, 1890, and recorded in Pasquotank county, N. C. in Deed Book No. 10, page 384, &c, I shall at 12 o'clock on Friday, June 20th, 1890, sell at public auction on the premises for cash, the entire stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c, on hand in the store on Water street, in said town, now occupied by me. Also all store fixtures and furniture therein and all accounts belonging to me by virtue of said assignment.

The stock of goods, the store fixtures and furniture and the accounts will each be sold in a lump and any one desiring to purchase will be allowed to examine the property and the inventory thereof.

This the 10 day of June, A. D. 1890.

JOSEPH SALAMONSKY,

By J. Heywood Sawyer, Atty. Assignee.

Notice!

Notice is hereby given that I have purchased the entire stock of merchandise of D. M. Tate, at Kitty Hawk, N. C., and that I will continue the business at the old stand. The old stock will be sold at cost in order to make room for new and larger assortments of goods.

All persons indebted to D. M. Tate will settle with me, and those having legal claims against him will present the same to me for payment.

W. J. Tate.

SUCCESSOR TO D. M. TATE

Kitty Hawk, N. C., June 18, '90.

NETS FOR '90-91.

The Gloucester Net & Twine Company

invite business for 1890 and '91 for Gil Nets, Traps and Seines, with Seine Twine of the best grade they can make, as good, they believe as the best, and as low as faithful work can be offered at, Cuts and unreasonably low prices invariably invite low grade of goods. The long experience of the under writer is an assurance that the

Best Goods

are the most economical to the poorest Fisherman.

Our Mr. Charles B. Ladd, who has already made a very interesting visit to the Fisheries of the Sound, and is thoroughly acquainted with the process of making Nets and arranging them agreeable to the orders of Fishermen, will have charge of the shipping on the Sound, and I will assure the people whom I have dealt with full fifty years that we will do right in all things relating to fishing gear.

Wm. Stowe,

President of the Gloucester Net & Twine Co., and late President and 41 years in the American Net and Twine Co,

Boston, Mass.

Agent Wanted

BY A LARGE

New York Brewery

For this City and District

Preference given to party engaged in similar line. All goods and fair commission guaranteed.

Apply, with references and particulars, to Lager, care of William Young 21 Park Row, New York.

NAG'S HEAD HOTEL.

This delightful Summer Resort will be open for the reception of visitors on the

25th Day of June, 1890.

The charge for Board will be as follows:

Per day,	$2.00
Per week,	10.00
Per month, 1 room occupied exclusively by one person,	50.00
Per month, 1 room occupied exclusively by two persons,	35.00
Per month, 1 room occupied exclusively by three persons,	30.00

Special Rates to Families of Four or More Persons.

The buildings are new and comfortably arranged; furniture also new. The table will be the best, and servants attentive.

—Daily Steamer.—

J. M. WHEDBEE,
Manager.

Notice

NORTH CAROLINA: Pasquotank County In the Superior Court.

Timothy Ely and Harvey Terry, plaintiff, vs. John F, Davis, Wm. J. Griffin as Administrator of D, G, Bush dec'd, and S, Morris Waln Administrator of Thornton Conrow dec'd, defendants:

The defendants above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced against the above named defendants, in the Superior Court of Pasquotank county, N. C., that a summons has been issued against the defendants, and returned not found as to S, Morris Waln as admihistrator, and the said S. Morris Waln as administrator will take notice that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county to be held in Elizabeth City on the third Monday of September, 1890, at the Court House of said county and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief and judgment demanded in the complaint, This April 30th, 1890.

J. P. OVERMAN,
Clerk of Superior Court.

Harvey Terry Attorney for Plaintiffs,

Oyster Shells.

PARTIES wanting Oyster Shells for fertilizing or filling up purposes, can now be supplied at my wharf at 2½ cents a bushel,

2-19 **N. R. Zimmerman.**

DETROIT SURE GRIP Steel Tackle Block

HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, butchers, farmers, machinists, builders, contractors and OTHERS. Admitted to be the greatest improvement EVER made in tackle blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.

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The Mormon Elders' Book in Special Brought, mailed free to married men, address V. B. Crosby, 32 Grand St., New York

Maltby & Oldfield,

MANUFACTURERS OF & DEALERS IN

Norfolk Steam Works Hand-made, Pressed, Moulded or Shaped Building and Paving Bricks.

Drain Tiles,

For Farm Drainage and small Culverts.

Cement Pipe,

For Well Curbs and large Culverts.

George S. Oldfield,

Office & P. O. Address 26 Holt St. & at works.

—Telephone No. 206.—

Manufactories, Maltby St., & B. C. Turnpike,

Norfolk, - Va.

Prompt Returns. Established 1866.

J. W. WHARTON,

Wholesale

—Fruit and Produce—

Commission Merchant,

5 Cath Street, Phila.

Oranges, Apples Potatoes, Onions, Peaches, Berries and Southern Vegetables

A Specialty.

Stencils furnished. Correspondence invited.

AGENTS WANTED!

—FOR—

HEROES of the DARK CONTINENT,

BY J. W. BUEL,

The most successful American Author.

Positively the only Complete

New Stanley Book and Picturesque Africa,

From the writings of Henry M. Stanley.

Two hundred thousand copies sold in seven weeks, and the demand rapidly increasing. Nothing like it has been known in the history of book publishing. This is the only book containing a complete life of the world's hero, Henry M. Stanley, with a full history of all his great explorations, and positively the only complete account of his last and grandest expedition for the relief of Emin Pasha, from his own thrilling reports. All other pretended Stanley books are imperfect and incomplete. Send for proofs and satisfy yourself. This great work also contains the history of Africa and its people for more than one thousand years, illustrated with 500 engravings, colored plates and numerous maps, rendering it the only complete picturesque history of Africa ever published. It is wonderful, thrilling, magnificent! Don't be decieved by false representations, but send for proofs and facts. **"Heroes of the Dark Continent"** is published in one splendid quarto volume of 576 pages, equal to 1200 octavo pages, with 500 magnificent illustrations, colored plated and numerous maps; price, only $3.00, Agents wanted. Territory unrestricted. Sales enormous. Send for pictoriae circulars, or, to save time, send $1 for Complete Canvassing Outfit with guarantee of $300 clear the first month, or your money for outfit refunded. If you have been deceived into canvassing for any of the bogus Stanley books, we will exchange outfits with you free. We mean business. See our standing in Dun's and Bradstreet's Commercial Reports.

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ICE AND COAL!

RAWLINS, WHITEHURST & CO.

continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities,

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N.C. FRED DAVIS

4-1f Agent

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor.

A full supply of Metalic Coses, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLR,
FRED H. ZIEGLER.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*

OUR OFFICE is opposite the U, S, Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents with names of actual clients in your State sent free. Address,

C.A. Snow & Co,

—OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,—

Washington, - D. C

Valuable Water Mill for Sale.

The valuable water mill, known as "Goodwin's Mill," situated in Belvidere Township, Perquimans county, N. C., it now offered for sale to effect a division of the property. It is located in the midst of a fine timber section of country. The facility for transfer of timber to mill and lumber to market is good. Market for grain is unsurpassed. Mill is in good repair. Terms, $2500. $1000 cash, and $500 and interest each year for three years. Title good, For further particulars apply to the undersigned at Belvidere, Perquimans county, N. C.

Sept. 2 th, 1889. RUFUS WHITE

FREE OUR NEW 25 Solid Gold Watch Worth $100,000. FREE.

Is the most perfect watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper Warranted heavy, SOLID GOLD hunting cases. Both ladies' and gent's sizes, with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, are free. All the work you need do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those about you—that always results in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all expess, freight, etc. After you know all, if you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from $20 to $50 per week and upwards. Address, Stinson & Co., Box 413, Portland, Maine.

Fish Advertisements.

HINCHMAN SON & CO

Wholesale Commission Dealers

FRESH FISH, GAME, TERRAPIN, Etc,

7 & 8 DOCK STREET WHARF,

PHILADELPHIA PA.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. No Agents.

A. W. HAFF.

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Etc., Etc:

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET,

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty No Agents,

DAVENPORT & MORRIS.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

And Dealers in Fish,

RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance, and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

1890 Shad Season. 1890

J. H, Harris

— WITH —

CALEB HALEY & CO

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

FRESH FISH.

14 Fulton Fish Market,

New York.

Special attention given to the sale of **North Carolina Shad** and all other choice Fish caught in the waters of the Old North State.

Stencils and stationary furnished upon application,

SAMUEL, B. MILLER, CLARENCE G. MILLER

S. B. MILLER & CO,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION

FISH DEALERS,

NO. 7 FULTON MARKET?

New York.

Shad a Specialy. Stencils and stationary furnished on application.

S. L. STORER & CO,

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

Fresh Fish,

LOBSTERS, TURTLE, ETC,

19 Fulton Fish Market,

New York.

Stencils and Stationary furnished on application.

O. S. HARDING & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers in

FRESH FISH

Game and Terrapin,

Special attention paid to sale of North Carolina Shad,

Nos 9, 10, 36 & 37 Dock Street

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Consignments solicited and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

H. Hilgartner Sons

Steam

Marble & Granite Works

MONUMENTS, ETC,

Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marole Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.

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F. H. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Elizabeth City.

L. F. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Edenton, N C,

MEND YOUR OWN HOSE.

HUDSON'S

HOSE MENDER

PAT. MAY 7, 1889.

EVERY OWNER OF HOSE NEEDS ONE.

THE ONLY PRACTICAL DEVICE —FOR— REPAIRING HOSE

THE MAN WHO HAS A HOSE HE KNOWS

Just how the thing goes and will tell you it is indispensable and saves its cost over and over again, making old hose as good as new.

PRICE ONLY $1.00

One box containing 6 menders, 20 Bands, and 1 Plier sent *prepaid* to any address on receipt of price.

CATHEDRAL BUILDING,

C. E. HUDSON, BOSTON, MASS.

FIFTY THOUSAND COOKING AND HEATING STOVES PER ANNUM

With MANTELS, GRATES, HOLLOW-WARE, TIN-WARE, and other goods in proportion is the productive capacity of the

Phillips & Buttorff Manufacturing Co.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

THEIR STOCK of furnishings for the KITCHEN, the PANTRY, and the DINING ROOM is immense.

WITH LARGE CAPITAL, long experience, and favorable location for the cheapest pig iron, and the lowest freight rates to all southern points, our goods are unexcelled in quality, and beyond competition in prices.

EVERY DEALER should have our Illustrated Catalogue. Correspondence solicited.

Phillips & Buttorff Mfg. Co.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

PERFUMES

—MADE FROM FLOWERS IN THE—

LAND OF FLOWERS!

DOUSSAN'S

Sweet South

In 1 oz. Sprinkler-Top Bottles,

EACH 65 CENTS.

ALSO OUR EXTRA FINE SPECIALTIES.

LYS DES INCAS! SPRING MIST!

LUNEAS! NEVADA!

IMPERIAL PINK!

ROUSSEL ROSE

EDEN BOUQUET!

LILY OF THE VALLEY!

All 50 cents per bottle. PICCIOLA!

The most delicate and most lasting odors made. Our trade-mark patented on every label.

"Delicate as a cobweb. Lasting as the hills."

If your druggist don't keep them send amount to us and we will forward prepaid.

DOUSSAN FRENCH PERFUMERY CO.

46 Chartres St., New Orleans, La.

FAVORITE SINGER

Warranted for Five Years.

ONLY $20. DELIVERED AT YOUR HOME.

EXCELS ALL.

Our Favorite Singer

Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers.

Sent on one week's trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for circulars and Testimonials,

Co-operative Sewing Machine Co.,

219 Quince Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MELANINE

TRADE MARK

INDELIBLE INK

THE ONLY

ABSOLUTELY INDELIBLE

★ INK

"THE ETHIOPIAN CAN NOT CHANGE HIS SKIN NOR THE LEOPARD HIS SPOTS."

MARKING DONE WITH this INK is EQUALLY UNCHANGEABLE.

CAN NOT BE REMOVED WITHOUT DESTROYING THE FABRIC.

NO HOT IRON OR SUNLIGHT REQUIRED, CAN BE USED WITH STAMP OR PEN.

RETAIL PRICE, 25c.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

Writing and Copying Inks, Sealing Wax, Mucilage, Wafers, Etc.

THADDEUS DAVIDS CO.,

127 129 William Street, NEW YORK CITY.

ESTABLISHED 1835.

Lawyers, who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates for printing, can call on or address, in Chicago, will find it on file at the Printing House of

LORD & THOMAS.

WHAT WE WANT.

We want weekly information from every county of the Albemarle District, of every and all-new enterprises starting or established, improvements of all kinds, everything connected with the development of this section and the upbuilding of the people. Send us short, plain statements, as often as may be. The CAROLINIAN is interested in the material advancement of this section of Eastern North Carolina, and it will gladly publish all matters of the kind indicated.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—J. B. Flora, E. F. Aydlett, L. P. Etheridge, J. E. Wood and Elisha Overton. Clerk—J. W. Albertson jr. Treasurer—Geo. M. Scott. Constable and Collector—Walter Brothers. Attorney—W. J. Griffin.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John. Postmaster—C. Gulrkin.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. J. H. Johnson, Pastor.

COLORED.—Methodist—Rev. J. S. Caldwell, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—T. B. Wilson, W. M.,; E. F. Lamb, Sec'y, S. S Fowler, Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—Geo. W. Twiddy, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No. 1209—Fred. Davis, Regent; M. B. Culpepper, Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas'r.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Burgess, Dictator; Wm. Towe, Reporter; Ed. Davis, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—E. F. Aydlett, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. E. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: F. M. Godfrey, Chairman, C. H. Robinson, D. B. Bradford, Elliot Whitehurst, and J. T. Spence. Sheriff, Thos P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education, J. W. Albertson jr., R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

DR. R. H. MCINTOSH
Physician & Surgeon,
Office on South Road Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J. W. ALBERTSON. J. W. ALBERTSON JR.
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State

T. P. WHITE,
BOOT & SHOEMAKER
24 door North of Poindexter and Bright, near the Depot
Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.
Gun-Smith,
At the Old Stand on Road Street
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

F. M. COOK,
JEWELER.
East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Home-Made Tin-Ware,
—BY—
H. O. HILL,
The Tinner,
Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.
And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.

IT'S TIME
You began to think of your Fall Trading Friend, and when you think of that, you can think of
Moses Weise's Stock,
which offers everything in the choice o Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats etc., that can delight the eye or please the heart of the buyer.
MOSES WEISEL'S QUOTATIONS
Are the lowest that can be made on all kinds of goods, the lowest prices are promised to every buyer, and I will see that the promise holds good. If you are wise
YOU WON'T LOSE A MINUTE.
But hustle right off and get the pick of the new Goods that are offered at
MOSES WEISEL'S,
Corner Main & Water sts, Elizabeth City

—HOTELS.—

New Albemarle House,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
FRANK M. GRICE. Prop'r
TERMS: $2. & $2.50 Per Day

The attention of the traveling public i invited to this large and elegant Hote It has been refitted and made first clas It is centrally located, within a block o the telegraph and post offices, and conve nient to the railroad and steamboat
The Proprietor will spare no effort to mak the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for h patrons. The rooms are large well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best
Electric Bells have been introduced.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offer first class accommodations of the travel ng public,
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Transand Steamer
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprieto

--Eagle Hotel--
Hertford, - - - - N, C
Joseph H. Long, Propr.
New Furniture, New Servants and everything First Class.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 18, 1890.

☞What a season for work!

☞And the farmers are utilizing it.

☞Let General Prosperity be the candidate.

☞Attention is called to the Cotton Scales advertised by Jones of Binghamton.

☞Mrs. George W. Cartwright, of Nixonton, died on the 5th inst, aged 44 years.

☞Dr. Geo. W. Nixon, a prominent physician at South Mills, died very suddenly on the 9th inst, aged about 60 years.

☞With no storm or other disaster, the prospects of the crops is better than the farmers of this section have had for years.

☞By notice in another column it will be seen that Mr. W. J. Tate has purchased the entire stock of merchandise of Capt. D. M. Tate at Kitty Hawk, and will succeed him in the business.

☞On the 11th inst John H, Small esq, of Washington, was married to Miss Belle Wharton, daughter of Col. R. W. Wharton. The bride and groom left on a trip to New York, Niagara Falls and other points North.

☞Supervisor Cobb is not only desirous that his Enumerators make full and accurate reports, but he hopes that special pains will be taken that all the blanks be kept clean and that they be plainly and neatly filled up when the work is completed.

☞On the 11th inst. at the residence of the bride, at Belvidere, by Friends' ceremony, Josiah Nicholson was united in marriage with Lizzie A. White. They left on a bridal tour to the West, to be absent until August. The CAROLINIAN'S best wishes follow them.

☞The special attention of our Sound Fishermen is called to the advertisement of the Gloucester Net & Twine Co., of whom the venerable Wm. Stowe is President. We have known Mr. Stowe some twenty odd years and many of the Fishermen of this section much longer, and he is known to be honorable to a fault.

☞John M. Miller, Assistant Superintendent of the Life Saving Service, visited the Stations of this district last week, the purpose being to ascertain the repairs and improvements needed, especially in the way of cisterns stable room, etc. This is his third visit to this District, the last one having been five years ago. He is a thoroughly practical man.

☞The steamer "Eaglet," of the E. C. D. line, on the way from this place to Newberne on the 9th inst, ran into Long Shoal Light House in Pamlico Sound. One half on one side of the steamers house was torn off, damaging it to the amount of about $400. It will be repaired at Newberne. The damage to the light house is estimated at about $40. At the time of the accident the Mate was at the wheel.

☞On Wednesday evening last the editor was one of a party accepting an invitation of Mr. Arthur Pritchard to partake of strawberries, cream, lemonade and other delicacies specially prepared for the occasion at his hospitable home at the "Forks." All had a royal good time, and, before leaving, voted the host a "prince of jolly fellows" and dubbed him "King Arthur," for he is the monarch of as neat a little farm and as pretty a grove as can be found in all this section, where he delights to entertain his good neighbors and hosts of friends on occasions such as we had the pleasure of witnessing and enjoying.

☞The closing exercises of the Elizabeth City Academy on Wednesday and Thursday nights were witnessed by a crowd filling the Hall to its utmost capacity. The programme were elaborate and successfully carried out. The recitation contest for a gold medal, engaged in by seven young ladies, was the event of the first night. Each one elicited applause and acquitted herself splendidly, making it quite difficult for the judges to decide. There was great interest manifested, but Miss Mae Wood won. The special feature of the second night was the declamation contest in which six young men took part. In delivery, style and gesture every one performed wonderfully well, but J. Wiley Halstead, of Camden, was awarded the medal and he merited it. He likewise won the prize for the best essay, the subject being "The Dismal Swamp Canal." There were eight other medals awarded, to-wit: Latin, Miss Lina James; French, Miss Margaret Hollowell; punctuality and deportment, senior class, W. T. Griggs, in primary class, Fred Lamb; primary scholarship medal, Harry Greenleaf; on North Carolina history, Miss Mattie Banks; on North Carolina geography, Miss Mae Wood. The medals were presented by E. F. Lamb esq. The exercises both nights were interspersed with music,

☞Nine-tenths of a man's ills come only as they are invited.

☞Never accept the advice or rely on the judgment of a man who is not posted on what he talks about.

☞Don't get tired of your calling. There is downright hard work to be done on every road that leads to success.

☞It is the blackest ingratitude to accept the best of any one's endeavors to please you and repay it with indifference.

☞It is reported that some of the country Census enumerators are beginning to ask, as the first question, "Have you any dog?"

☞It is a law as old as time and as enduring as eternity that we are dependent upon one another in social and intellectual matters.

☞The successful farmers are sufficient in number to discredit the croakers and show that it is not the farm but the farmer that is at fault.

☞The Democratic Judicial Executive Committee of this District met here on Thursday, there being nine counties represented in person and by proxy. It was decided to hold the Convention at Edenton on the 22nd of July.

——Miles of new Dress Goods for sale at Fowler & Co. Call and examine.

☞To the inquiry, "Is it true that Supervisor Cobb refused to appoint any colored Enumerators?" the CAROLINIAN replies that it is not. He appointed fifteen. He tried to select competent men.

——A car load of Yellow Seed Oats just received at Robinson & Co's.

☞Writes a patron living in the upper part of the county:

I like the CAROLINIAN because it is a paper that is carefully edited. In addition to treating on the live issues of the day special attention is given to the *news*, local and general. These are the things the people want. Of course it is, and that is the reason the CAROLINIAN devotes special care and attention to these particulars.

——Buy E. P. Reed & Co's fine shoes. Fowler & Co., agents.

☞The premium list of the Elizabeth City Fair will be published in due season. Appreciating the aid rendered by the ladies in making last years' Fair the success that it was, the Managers intend to recognize them in the way of larger premiums and more of them in their special departments this year. The ladies, God bless them, deserve it.

—— Wise men follow the star that lead to Moses Weisels store.

☞Look out for the man with the glib tongue that is always loaded with fulsome flattery. The swindler always has a tongue in his head that is greased for ceaseless action. The man who does not say much is usually a much better man to tie to than the fellow whose tongue runs like a windmill.

——WANTED: 100 Merchan's to handle Fowler & Co's 25 cent wool Hats and 10 cent Suspenders.

☞It is a very amusing to look over a number of daguereotypes and photographs taken from twenty-five to forty years ago. Not only do the old fashioned clothes appear old, but the funeral expressions and rigid attitudes of the sitters are very noticeable. Then it was an event to get one's 'picture taken," and a tedious time of posing for it was necessary. Now the best photographers aim to give easy positions and pleasant natural expressions to their subjects and the pictures are taken almost instantaneously. Inventions are constantly improving every kind of work in this progressive age, but it seems scarcely possible that as great progress can be made in this art in the future as has been shown since its discovery.

——The reason why Robinson & Co., has such a trade is probably because he minds his P's and Q's: Price and Purity: Quantity and Quality People are apt to appreciate the highest in purity when it is associated with the lowest in price,

☞The letters we are receiving from the old patrons of the CAROLINIAN—those still living who began with the first issue and have continued to take it—expressing their appreciation of the paper and containing their *twenty-second* renewals, are gratifying beyond our power to express. We take the liberty of quoting from a few of them:

"I am one of the number you referred to last week as having been a twenty-one years patron to the CAROLINIAN. Inclosed find my 22nd renewal. Long may the paper and its editor wave!'

"My last week's CAROLINIAN reminded me that my 21st year's subscription has expired, I enclose the money for volume 22. I don't want to miss a single number."

"Having taken the CAROLINIAN so long—now 21 years—I cannot do without it. It seems like an old friend I don't want to part with. Inclosed please find what will insure its weekly visits for another year,"

"Well do I remember when the CAROLINIAN first appeared. I became a subscriber and have read every issue up to the present. What changes since then, and what a useful factor the paper has been in bringing them about. Put my name down for another year."

☞The pressing questions of the hour are those the census man is asking.

——Several Maps of the United States and the World for sale at this office at a very low price.

☞It is announced that four new locomotives and handsomely equipped passenger coaches will be placed on our railroad about the first of July, Good news.

☞The first Enumerator to complete his work and return his blanks was Lewis F. Hooper of Stumpy Point in the county of Dare. The second portfolia returned is by enumerator W. E. Howard, of Ocracoke. Several others are also about through.

LOCAL MENTION

Read the new advertisements in this issue.—M. B. Culpepper has been appointed a Notary Public.—After a two week's absence, Col. Creecy returned on Thursday.—"I am going on the highways and *byways*," remarked a Road street lady the other day as she started out on a shopping expedition.—Miss Fannie O. Melson, of Plymouth, made a short visit here last week.—The CAROLINIAN joins the many friends of J. Wiley Halstead in congratulations on his success in the declamation and original essay contests at the Academy the other night. He is a young man of more than usual promise and he will make his mark in life.—The census enumerator doesn't ask: "Is this hot enough for you?"—

He shook the lappel of his coat,
And in a temper hot,
He, to his waltz companion said
"Say, what a cheek you've got."

—Mr. E. M. Underwood, who has been off to Old Point, has returned.—The colored Odd Fellows celebrated the 21st anniversary of their Lodge here on Thursday. After an orderly and well conducted parade they proceeded to the colored Methodist Church where an address was delivered by Rev. Z. H Berry. At night they had a grand supper at Aydlett's Hall,—The time of holding the afternoon services at the Presbyterian Church has been changed from 4 to 5 o'clock.—Mrs. Reed gave the pupils of her school a pleasant picnic at the Park on Friday.—J. W. Halstead esq, of Camden, C. L. Pettigrew esq, of Plymouth, Mr. J. R. Kessinger, of Roper, and Mr. J. E. Jennett, of Buxton, called on Friday. Our "latch string" is always out to our friends.—Lieut. E. C. Chaytor has been here on waiting orders.—Our young poet is trying his "'prentice hand" as follows:

"To kiss and not tell," though in theory good,
Is in practice a failure, my brothers;
A kiss is like gossip, its bound to be passed
From one person's lips to another's,

—A large oyster packing house is being put up on Pendleton's wharf, on Water street, for the Ironmonger Bros. Several more are to be erected here in time for the coming season.—Dr. T. N. White, of Belvidere, dropped in on Saturday. He reports the crops better in that locality than for eight years past.—A public official should have judgement enough to exercise wise discretion in discharging the duties of his position.—Mr. Jesse L Garrett of Jones county, but for twelve years in the Government Printing office at Washington City, spent Saturday and Sunday here on a visit to his cousin Mr Wm. Pailin. An old newspaper man, he gave the CAROLINIAN a call.—

As the mercury goes climbing up,
And the sunshine stipping down,
Citizens who've got spare cash in hand
Are preparing to jump the town,

—Enumerator Halstead having completed the first, second and third Wards of the city, is now in the fourth. He reports that he is having a time of it in tracing the serpentine boundaries.—Miss Annie, daughter of Capt B. Frank Spence, who has been attending the Seminary at Hagerstown, Md., has returned.—Superintendent Temple has a force at work on the streets.—The old jail still stands, an eyesore to the public,—The Fire Company is to have a new team for the engine, etc. They need it.—The time for the annual encampment being so near at hand the "Rifles" have re-considered and decided not to go to Norfolk on Memorial day.—The CAROLINIAN has been doing considerable job work the past few weeks, and always gives satisfaction. Mr. Lane Simons, the Foreman, knows how to please.—Early summer apples are beginning to appear.—Fulsome puffery is one thing, and a deserved complimentary notice quite another. The CAROLINIAN makes it a rule to discriminate.—Rev. J. S. Caldwell, Pastor of the A. M. E. Zion Church, spent the Sabbath at Petersburg, Va.—Warm as it was, there was a fair attendance at the Churches on Sunday, and excellent sermons were delivered in all of them.—The reports of the 160 Enumerators coming in keeps the clerical force in the Supervisor's office, with coats off and sleeves up, quite busy now.—The electric lights are certainly giving full satisfaction now, They are working beautifully.—Col. A. L. Jones is one of our oldest citizens and he occasionally drops in and interests us with reminiscence of the town thirty, forty and fifty years ago. He says very few of the citizens here in those years are living now. Indeed, how many whom we met on our arrival here twenty one years ago have passed away!

Men may come, and men may go,
The town keeps on improving.

—Some of the early truckers are bringing in ripe tomatoes.—Mrs. Clara Bradford is having material delivered on her vacant lot, North west corner of Church and Martin streets, for a neat dwelling house, to be occupied by Mr. Toadvine.—Mrs. Wilson, of Philadelphia, is visiting her friend Mrs. Engle.—John Griggs, who has attended a course of Medical lectures at the University of Virginia, has returned.—The venerable Dr. R. K. Speed, who has been at Powell's Point, returned last week quite ill, but, we are glad to learn, is now much better.—The Misses Creecy have erected a new residence on their lot, to be occupied by Mr. Old. John James was the architect and builder.—Miss Margerute Hollowell is visiting her friend Miss Mary Griggs.—C. T. Layden, of New Hope, called yesterday. He spoke encouragingly of the crops in that locality.—Mr. Geo. F. Greene is home on a vacation from Randolph Macon College.—Thompson & Son have just finished burning another kiln of brick and can now fill all orders at once.—Judge Albertson and Carrol Poot have returned from their New Inlet "outing."—Prof. H. H. Ranson left yesterday for Waynesville. He is a first class teacher.

The Carolinian Feels Sorry:

To be called upon, as it has been so often, to announce the death of true and steadfast friends.

Whenever it sees young men wasting their time and neglecting their opportunities.

The Carolinian is of the Opinion:

That a good many men are thought to be absorbed in their business when it is only their money that is absorbed.

That the twelve Apostles would have a hard time getting into front seats in some of the churches unless they could arrange with a tailor.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guarteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at A. Wadsworth's Drugstore.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES
Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

Important to Ladies Only.

We want a woman in every county to establish a Corset Parlor for the sale of Dr. Nichols Celebrated Spiral Spring Corsets and Clasps, warranted never to break, will outwear any three ordinary corsets. Wages $40 to $75 per month and expenses; we furnish Complete Stock on Consignment Settlement Monthly; position permanent; $3.00 outfit free; inclose 18 cents stamps to pay postage, etc. Addres with reference L. D. NICHOLS & CO., 384 Broadway, New York.

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To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my medicine FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and postoffice address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C. 181 Pearl St., New York

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The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

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Dress Goods
and
Clothing!
Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the
Very Lowest Prices.
His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.
A Fine Assortment of
Gents Furnishing Goods.
Store on Water Street
Elizabeth City, - - N C

WANTED! A few more Agents in Elizabeth City for the Industrial Life Insurance Company of Virginia. It offers protection to all. Inquire at the 'Gallery" of **John F. Engel.**

One of the BEST Telescopes I am acquainted with in the world. Our facilities are unequaled, and to introduce our superior goods we will send FREE to ONE PERSON in each locality as above. Only those who write to us at once can make sure of the chance. All you have to do in return is to show our goods to those who call—your neighbors and those around you. The beginning of this advertisement shows the small end of the telescope. The following cut gives the appearance of it reduced to

about the fiftieth part of its bulk. It is a grand, double size telescope, as large as is easy to carry. We will also show you how you can make from $5 to $10 a day at least, from the start, without experience. Better write at once. We pay all express charges. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, PORTLAND, MAINE

Hello! you sleepers! 0—0 Don't be creepers,
Rub your peepers; 0—0 Bargain reapers,
Open wide each eye. 0—0 Now's the time to buy.

Right this Way for Bargains.

Don't be backward in coming forward, and don't fall over yourselves in the rush. We are no robbers; so we won't hold you up. Don't let anybody hold you down. What do we mean? We mean that it's about time for everybody to know that we're on deck again with
A Superb Stock of Winter Goods.
Goods which everybody will want, when the secrite of our stock is understood Our stock is like a baby; for it's all new. It's like a fat man for it's awful big. It's like a beautiful woman, for it has lots of style. It's like a millionaire, for it's worth lots of money. It's like high-toned women, because it has quality.
LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT
must be the fate of everyone who gazes on these goods; not only because they are handsome, but because they are cheap in every sense of the word. Nobody CAN beat us on stock. Nobody SHALL beat us on price. Buy where you like, but see our stock before you buy. It'll be money in your pockets and in ours too; for you want the best and cheapest and we have it.
Groceries, Hardware, China, Glassware, Rope, Twine, Paints, Oil, Hay, Lime, &c., &c.
AGENTS FOR "NEW LEE" COOK STOVES.
ROBINSON & Co.,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

"Ours Has Been a Hard Fight,"
"But by Industry and Perseverance,"
"Honesty and Fair Dealings,"

We have achieved a glorious victory. We now have one of the largest and handsomest rooms in the State, and it is well fitted for our business, which grows larger each year, and this has not been accomplished by adopting the same name, tags on brands, that other merchants have established a demand for.
—"*We Originate and do not Imitate.*"—
And expect our reward by our own exertions and by keeping the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found in the City, consisting of
Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Hardware, Paints,
Oils, Ship Chandlery, Hay, Lime, Cement &c
Always glad to see you. Quotations cheerfully given by mail or by wire. We guarantee lowest prices consistent with best quality.
J. B. FLORA,
Elizabeth City, - - N. C

FOWLER & CO.,
Have In Their
Spring Stock,
CALL!
Furniture, Wares and Stationery.
I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low,
—If You Want to Save Money Call and See Me.—
P. W. MELICK,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

ABSOLUTELY WATER-PROOF
O.K. BITUMINOUS BUILDING PAPER
FOR SHEATHING HOUSES.
We call attention to the novelty of its construction, it being composed of two sheets of paper with an interposed layer of water-proof bitumen or asphalt, the whole united under pressure, making a sanitary mildew-proof sheathing for the sides and floors of houses, that will last as long as the building upon which it is applied.
Experience has shown that the cheap papers commonly used for sheathing houses do not protect a building for any length of time, but soon mildew and fall to pieces, making the house drafty and damp; these defects can then only be remedied at great expense.
A Good Sheathing like the O. K. Building Paper, can be obtained at a trifling cost, and it is a waste of money to use an inferior article.
Put up in rolls 36 inches wide, containing 1,000 square feet.
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AGENTS WANTED.
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A COTTON STRIKE
"No, Boss—I'll work no more, 'less you weigh your Cotton on a JONES 5-Ton Cotton Scale NOT CHEAPEST BUT BEST. $60
Beam Box,
Tare Beam,
Freight Paid."
For terms address,
JONES OF BINGHAMTON,
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—
Norfolk Southern Railroad

SCHEDULE TAKES EFFECT, MAY 1 1890.
Mail and Express (southbound), daily, except Sundays, leaves Elizabeth City at 11.35 A. M, Northbound, leaves at 2.25 P. M.
The Accommodation daily, except Sundays, leaves at 7.00 A. M, and returning, arrives at 9.20 P. M.
The above Trains, which are Nos 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.
Close connections at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines.
Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.
M. K. KING, General Manager

EASTERN CAROLINA DESPATCH.
FAST FREIGHT LINE.
Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City.
Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.
Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.
Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Despatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.
T. SELBY HARNEY, Agent.
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Norfolk & North Carolina
Canal Co.,
The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water; lighter-built vessels, four feet.
The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet and 16½ breadth of beam.
Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction of the Canal authorities.
Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.
Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.
HENRY ROBERT Superintend't

WHO HAS NOT HAD POOR HOSE?
I HAVE AND IT DON'T PAY.
DO NOT WASTE YOUR MONEY ON INFERIOR HOSE BUT GET THE
"SPIRAL"

300 lbs. PRESSURE
IT IS JUST AS EASY TO GET
THE BEST
IF YOU ONLY KNOW IT.
THE SPIRAL HOSE is the only reliable Cotton Hose, which is proven by there being so many imitations. The genuine has FOUR distinguishing marks:
I. A single colored line running through it.
II. The patent mark "SPIRAL," patented March 30th, 1880.
III. The Corrugated band fastening those to coupling.
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The "Spiral" Cotton Hose, having no outside covering to hold moisture as rubber hose does, dries like a towel. Insist on getting this Hose, as some dealers will try to sell an inferior one.
Sample free if you mention this paper.
BOSTON WOVEN HOSE CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Rubber Belting and Packing,
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The AMERICAN PROTECTIVE TARIFF LEAGUE is publishing a most valuable series of documents. These are prepared with a view to state the facts and arguments for Protection, whether in the interest of farmers, laborers, merchants or professional men. Each issue of the series appeals to those engaged in separate industries, and presents disputable facts—comparisons of wages, cost of living, and other arguments showing benefits of Protection.

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3—"Home Production indispensable to a happy, at Low Prices, of the Manufactured Commodities required for the People of the United States, and Adequate Reward for Production of these Commodities impossible without a Protective Tariff." First Prize Essay, 1888. C. D. TOWN.
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22—"The American Wool Industry." E. H. AMMIDOWN.
23—"Wages and Cost of Living." J. D. WEAD.
24—"Southern Farming Industries."
25—"A Short Talk to Workingmen."
26—"Protection and the Farmer." Senator CULLOM.

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"PERFECTION"
CYCLES.

They are made of High-grade Material by skilled mechanics, and are
INTERCHANGEABLE
For Lady or Gentleman.
MAKERS:
Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co.
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

Important Foreign and Domestic News by Wire.

Seven Young Men Drowned in Boston Harbor.

Seven young men were drowned early in the morning in the harbor of Boston, Mass., only about two miles from shore. About 2:30 A. M., eight young fellows, none of whom was familiar with the management of a sailboat, although one was part owner of the catrigged yacht in which they embarked, started for a day's sail and fishing. The wind blew fresh from the west all night and the sea was rough. Off Thompson's Island the boat was capsized. Several of them clung to the overturned boat for an hour or more, and finally becoming exhausted, they slipped off and were drowned, one by one, Walter Quinlan being saved. The names of the drowned were: James H. Mitchell, Joseph Tufts, Edgar Maloney, Thomas Troy, all of South Boston; Albert Lombard, of the West End; John Sullivan and Lawrence McTarnon, of Charlestown. The overturned boat was seen by the night watchman at Moon Island, and two young men named John and Edward Clark pulled out to the scene of the disaster, and at the risk of their own lives finally succeeded in getting young Quinlan into their boat and landing him in an exhausted and half-drowned condition. John Clark is a well-known athlete and oarsman, and has on other occasions saved people from drowning. There does not appear to have been any liquor on the yacht, and the accident was due to a lack of knowledge how to handle the craft in rough water.

The Fight Cost 140 Lives.

Toplitza is the name of the Bulgarian village which was the scene of the recent Arnaut assault. It seems that the marauders held possession of the place for seven hours, after which the fugitives from the village and the country people mustered in force and attacked them.

There was heavy fighting, and the Arnauts were forced to withdraw, and finally fled across the frontier, pursued by the outraged villagers. It is reported that in the fighting which followed the capture of the village and accompanied the pursuit of the Arnauts 100 of the latter were killed, while the Servians lost forty killed. Bloody reprisals are feared.

Killed Each Other With Knives.

Two boys, Frank Holloway and James Watkins, while returning from church near Belton, in Anderson County, S. C., quarreled. They went from words to blows, and finally drew their pocket-knives and began slashing at each other. Holloway received a terrible gash in the throat, upon which he rushed at Watkins and plunged his knife into his breast. The point of the small blade just reached the heart and death was instantaneous. Watkins and his dead antagonist were found together in the road. The wound of the former was fatal. They were about sixteen years old.

Nooses for Three Murderers.

Three colored men, Tom Mills, Fletcher Holden and Henry Holden, were hanged at Linden, Texas, for the confessed murder and robbery of James McGregor, a white man, at Atlanta, Texas, on the 7th of last December. McGregor had just settled in Cass County, and let people know he had money. He drank freely with the three colored men, and they enticed him to the edge of the town, where Tom Mills broke his head with a car coupling.

A Women in the Lead.

A young woman has carried off the highest honors at the June examination at Cambridge (England) University. The winner of this distinction is Miss Phillipa Fawcett, who is bracketed as the superior of the male senior wrangler in the mathematical class. Miss Fawcett, who is twenty-two years of age, is a daughter of the late Professor Fawcett. Two other young women, Miss Field and Miss Leare, were also among the wranglers.

A Storm-Swept Valley.

News from the valley of the Capon, in the eastern part of Hampshire County, W. Va., says the country has been inundated by a storm which has washed away much of the soil of the valley farms, destroyed crops and a large amount of property. This valley was devastated one year ago, and the loss of two crops in succession will result in destitution to many.

Four People Killed in Costa Rica.

While a religious procession, held in celebration of Corpus Christi, was passing through Central Park, San Jose, Costa Rica, the iron railing bordering the western promenade gave way, falling on a crowd of people assembled to witness the spectacle. Four persons were killed and a great many others seriously injured.

Burglars Burn Seventeen Stores.

Burglars blew open a safe in Brown's Bank, at Chatsworth, Ill., at 2 o'clock in the morning. The building caught fire and seventeen store buildings, comprising the main block, were burned. A fireman named Feather was badly hurt. The bank vaults contained $15,000. The total loss is $60,000.

THE LABOR WORLD.

THE iron trade is booming.

THE strike agitation is practically over.

THE demand for building labor is very urgent.

THE French Government has limited a laboring man's day to ten hours.

A $50,000 furniture factory is to be moved from Ohio and located at Gadsden, Ala.

AN exhibition of the trades and industries of northwest Germany has opened at Bremen.

THE National Bakers' Union has over 100 local unions with a membership of nearly 30,000.

THE New York Central Railroad has twenty-six women employed as station agents.

ALL of the block coal fields of Ohio and Indiana, with a few exceptions, are working full time

ONE of the most powerful and best governed unions in England is the London Society of Compositors.

THE United States Rolling Stock Company at Decatur, Ala., has just booked orders for 11,000 fruit cars.

SEVENTEEN HUNDRED carpenters are on strike in Cincinnati, many non-union men having joined it.

THE introduction of steam yachts on the canals of Venice has thrown many gondoliers out of employment.

THE sawmills of the South are crowded with work; all the hardwood mills will be kept full of orders until winter.

THE German Bundesrath is considering the question of increase of wages among the lower grades of military officers.

THE Emperor of Germany has promised to accede to the petitions to extend labor protection to the mercantile classes.

AN investigation of the wages of farm labor has been made by the Government, and it is reported that the monthly rate of wages has not declined.

THERE is great excitement at Amherst, Nova Scotia, over the action of employers in discharging Knights of Labor. Employers say their men must not belong to any organization.

THE building material handlers say that the organization is rapidly improving since its connection with the American Federation of Labor and the membership is increasing at every meeting.

IT is said that the action of the Rochester (N. Y.) convention in eliminating the anti-strike clause from the constitution of the Order of Railway Conductors is likely disintegrate that organization.

THE Austrian Military Department has perfected arrangements by which, in all future changes in the various garrisons of Austria, the largest forces will be stationed in the factory districts. This step is taken in consequence of the recent labor riots.

ENGLISH authorities say that in all the United States Navys the difficulty is to keep engine-room mechanics; whereas, with their navy, the most persevering efforts of the recruiting party, specially organized to obtain mechanics for the engineer's force, have entirely failed.

OVER 310 applications for the eight vacant positions of female deputy factory inspectors have been received by Factory Inspector Connolly, at Albany, N. Y. Most of them are backed up by influential indorsers. Nearly one-quarter of the applicants are married women. The Inspector is in a quandary as to how to make the appointments

MELON growing in the South has becoms a large and important industry. The growers of Georgia and South Carolina alone have planted 20,000 acres to melons, and will ship 10,000 carloads to the Northern cities this season. The business is in the hands of a trust, which controls the production, regulates the supply of each city and fixes the prices.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

SEVERAL persons were arrested in New York city for refusing information to census enumerators, and sixty warrants were issued.

HYDE & BEHMAN'S variety theatre, in Brooklyn, N. Y., was burned, causing a loss of $150,000.

THE unveiling of the bronze statue of the late Governor Richard D. Hubbard on the Capitol grounds, at Hartford, Conn., was very largely attended.

BANK WRECKER GEORGE H. PELL was sentenced in New York city to seven years and six months in State Prison by Recorder Smyth, and was immediately taken to Sing Sing.

FIRE destroyed the business part of the borough of Colchester, Conn., causing a loss of about $60,000.

ALL the cadets of the first and second classes at West Point (N. Y.) Military Academy passed their examination safely.

EDWARD J. RYAN, the present chief clerk of the First Railway Mail Division, at Boston, Mass., has been appointed Superintendent of the First Division, vice W. H. Bigelow, deceased.

NELLIE DOUGHERTY, aged eleven years, daughter of Patrick Dougherty, was fatally burned in a fit of anger at Hazleton, Penn. by her brother, who is about a year younger.

THREE French boys, aged six, eight and sixteen, were drowned in the river at Biddeford, Me., while bathing.

JUDGE WALLACE, of Syracuse, N. Y., vacated the writ of habeas corpus in the case of William Kemmler, sentenced to die by electricity in the Auburn (N. Y.) prison.

BY an explosion of natural gas in the cellar of a dwelling-house at Allegheny City, Penn., Mrs. Kipp, aged seventy years, and her granddaughter, Lizzie, sixteen years, were fatally burned.

GRADUATING exercises were held at Columbia College, New York city; Princeton, N. J.; West Point (N. Y.) Military Academy and Vassar, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

EDWARD F. COSTELLO, a brakeman, instantly killed his little son, nineteen months old, at Palmer, Mass., while the child lay asleep in its cradle.

BURGLARS entered W. D. Norton's jewelry store, at Gloversville, N. Y., blew open the safe, and stole about $20,000 of jewelry.

GOVERNOR BULEIGH was renominated by the Maine Republicans in convention assembled at Augusta.

THE United States men-of-war Kearsarge, Dolphin, Baltimore and Galena, composing the North Atlantic Squadron, arrived in New York Harbor from Charleston, S. C.

FIFTY-FOUR young cadets became second lieutenants at West Point (N. Y.) Military Academy.

VASSAR COLLEGE, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary.

THE United States steamer Enterprise, now at Brooklyn (N. Y.) Navy Yard, has been ordered into commission. She will probably be attached to the South Atlantic Squadron.

South and West.

RIOTOUS strikers prevented the running of street cars in Columbus, Ohio.

WILLIAM BOYET, a farmer, was killed in Orangeburg, S. C., by W. J. Bozard, one of his tenants. Boyet was seventy years old and his slayer twenty-three. They quarrelled about some farm work.

MAYOR DAVIDSON, of Baltimore, Md., has signed the ordinance authorizing the sale of the 32,500 shares of Baltimore and Ohio stock now owned by the city to Mr. Bacon, representing a syndicate, at a price not below par.

SIMON PURMAN and Timothy Lynch were crushed to death by the collapse of a grain bin in Harvey & Co.'s elevator in Chicago, Ill.

THE 132 miles of track, 2300 mules, sixty buildings, 100 pieces of real estate and various other street railway property in Louisville, Ky., have been sold to Philadelphia capitalists for $3,900,000.

TWO small boys named Hanson and Lundell ran under a heavily-loaded lumber wagon at Sioux Falls, South Dakota, supposably to get a ride. Young Hanson had his head crushed, while the wheels passed over Lundell's chest, and both soon died in great agony.

THE mistake of a train despatcher caused a collision near Hannibal, Mo., in which Fireman Arthur Taylor and Berry Nelson were scalded to death. Three other men were injured.

MAGGIE BAKER, aged ten, Lolo, Alfred and Charles Selo, aged respectively nine, seven and three years, were drowned at Rapids City, Ill. They were boating and the boat capsized.

A FUNNEL shaped cloud passed through the village of Channahon, Ill., at 9 o'clock at night, doing immense damage, and killing and injuring, it was understood, quite a number of people.

A DAUGHTER of General Lyons, who was killed at Wilson's Creek early in the Civil War, has been found working as a cook in a graders' camp at Rocky Mountain Lake, Col.

WIDOW BARTHOLOMEW, of Willoughby, Ohio, has secured the support of all the prominent men in the town to her candidacy for Postmistress. This so angered some women of the town that they stormed her shop with rotten eggs.

IT is reported that every gambling house in Chicago has been closed.

POTTSBORO, Texas, is in ashes. Thirteen of the largest business houses in the town were burglarized and then fired.

THERE is a shortage of $17,000 in the funds of the Michigan State Soldiers' Home.

W. W. DICKERSON, of Grant county, Ky., was nominated by acclamation on the 207th ballot for Congress to succeed John G. Carlisle.

THE Canadian schooner North Star has been seized off the coast of Washington for smuggling Chinamen into the United States.

DANIEL HARVEY shot and killed his aged mother at Milwaukee, Oregon, and then killed himself.

IT was decided to call the World's Fair at Chicago "The World's Columbian Exposition."

NEAR Lebanon, Oregon, Mrs. Aurnsburgh shot and killed her faithless husband, Grant Aurnsburgh, and then blew her own brains out.

THE United States revenue cutter Corwin sailed from San Francisco for Seattle, Washington, on her way to the Behring Sea.

THE South Dakota Democrats, in convention at Aberdeen, have nominated Morris Taylor for Governor, Peter Couchman for Lieutenant-Governor, and Judge C. M. Thomas and W. I. Quigley for Congress.

Washington.

THE President and family returned to Washington on the United States steamer Despatch from Fortress Monroe, Va.

THE Secretary of the Interior has rendered an important decision affirming the legality of the President's action in issuing, May 3, 1870, a proclamation offering certain lands in New Mexico for sale at public auction.

JAMES J. BROOKS, ex-chief of the Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department, has been placed in charge of the division, in place of Acting Chief Cowie.

THE Postoffice Department has offered a reward of $1000 for the arrest and conviction of the parties who robbed the registered mail pouches when they held up a train in South Dakota a few days ago.

THE Senate Republican caucus nominated E. F. Valentine, of Nebraska, for Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.

SECRETARY BLAINE transmitted to Congress the official report of General W. B. Franklin, United States Commissioner-General to the Paris (France) Exposition.

THE Government crop report for May made the condition of winter wheat 78.1, with a decrease of 1,750,000 acres.

THE President has approved the Customs Administration bill.

BIDS for three new naval vessels, to cost more than $5,000,000 in all, were opened at the Navy Department. The award will be made in three weeks.

THE Senate confirmed the nomination of Thomas M. Newson, of Minnesota, to be United States Consul to Malaga.

CHAIRMAN CANNON, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted to the House the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, making 140 pages—the largest appropriation bill yet submitted. The bill recommends a total appropriation of $27,849,513.

COLONEL ANDREW D. BAIRD wrote a letter to President Harrison declining the Postmastership of Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE President returned to the House without his approval the bill for the erection of a public building at Tuscaloosa, Ala.

SENATOR ALLISON reported the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill. The bill as it passed the House carried a total of $20,842,447; the Senate Committee added $813,470.

CONGRESSMAN R. Q. MILLS, of Texas, resigned his membership on the Committee on Rules, to which he was appointed by Speaker Reed in place of Senator Carlisle. The resignation was accepted, and Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, appointed to fill the vacancy.

Foreign.

THE Crown Prince of Italy arrived in Berlin on a visit.

GENERAL P. J. CHAMORRO, ex-President of Nicaragua, is dead.

THE crops in the northern part of Germany are being rapidly destroyed by insects which infest them in swarms, devouring everything in the way of vegetation in their path.

MAJOR WISSMANN, Imperial German Commissioner to East Africa, arrived at Suez, Egypt, from Africa on his way to Berlin. He reports that Emin Pasha when he started for the interior of Africa was enjoying fine health.

TWO men attempted to row a boat across the river above Grand Falls, New Brunswick, but they were drawn into the swift rush of water and swept over the falls to death.

MR. TULLY, an Irish editor, was sent to prison for three months for violating the Crimes Act.

HERR WENDELL MALCHOFF, a member of the Reichstag and of the Prussian Diet, expired in a fit at Berlin, while dining with Minister von Boetticher.

THE British bark Sinapore went ashore at Cape Corrientes; the Captain and five of the crew were lost.

PRINCE BISMARCK, in an interview, attributed disaffection in Germany and Russia to overeducation.

JOSE ASTIQUETA has been appointed Minister of Justice of Argentine. The ministerial crisis has ended.

JOHN HAWARD, of Gorrie, Canada, and William Whally, of Cohoes, N. Y., were drowned at Winnipeg, Manitoba, by the capsizing of their boat in the rapids of the Winnipeg River.

THE strike of the Bohemian coal miners in the district of Pilsen has ended in the defeat of the men owing to hunger. It lasted twenty-four days.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S favorite lady in waiting, the Marchioness of Ely, is dead.

THE freedom of the City of Edinburgh, Scotland, was presented to Mr. Stanley.

THE wedding of William O'Brien, the well known Irish leader and editor of the *Freeman's Journal*, and Mlle. Raffalovitch, daughter of M. Raffalovitch, a banker of Paris, took place at the Brompton Oratory in London, England.

THE murder of three Christians, a man woman and child, by Turks, and the wounding of several others in Crete, has been reported from Athens, Greece.

SILVA PORTO, Captain-Major of Bihe, Africa, killed himself by blowing up his residence with gunpowder after the Portuguese defeat at Bihe. His body was found wrapped in a Portuguese flag in the ruins of the building.

A FRESH plot to kill the Czar has been discovered in St. Petersburg, Russia.

FRENCH troops have occupied territory in dispute between Dutch and French Guiana.

JAMES MUNRO, Chief of the London (England) police, resigned because of differences with Home Secretary Matthews.

A LASSO DUEL.

Two Mexican Cowboys Fight to the Death.

A most remarkable duel took place near Moore station, Texas. The participants were Jose Carraseo and Wamaupa Bass, two Mexican cowboys. The young men had a quarrel over some trivial matter and one of them challenged the other to fight a duel. Both are expert manipulators of the lasso, and after considering the matter of weapons to be used the one to whom the challenge was made chose the lasso, and it was agreed between them that the battle was to be to the death.

The spot chosen was about one mile from the station, and accompanied by a few other cowboys the men prepared for the fight. The duel was an exciting one from the start. Both were mounted, and, after a number of ineffectual throws of the rope by each, Carraseo succeeded in catching the loop about Bass's neck. The struggle of the latter to free himself caused his horse to become frightened and he was thrown and dragged by Carraseo some distance, until his neck was broken. The people of the neighborhood soon learned of the fatal affray and set out to capture Carraseo, who had ridden off.

A SUICIDAL EPIDEMIC.

Six Viennese Unfortunates Seek Death in One Day.

An epidemic of suicides prevails in Vienna, Austria. Six persons endeavored to take their lives in one day. Three cases proved successful. A girl was found in the room of a hotel with an artery completely severed. Another young woman, whose brother is charged with manslaughter, threw herself into the Danube, but was rescued, while a third female succeeded in poisoning herself because her lover had left her. Two men shot themselves, one in the woods and the other in the great hall at the singers' festival, while a well-known barber cut his own throat in the presence of his customers.

FORTY PEOPLE BURNED.

18,000 Made Homeless by a Fire in a Ural Mountain Village.

Reports have been received at St. Petersburg, Russia, of disastrous conflagrations and great loss of life and property in the mining districts of the Ural Mountains. The iron works at Ufallisk and Newjanks, a thousand dwelling houses, four school houses, three churches, ten hospitals and the magazines were completely destroyed. Forty persons were burned to death and 18,000 were made homeless by the destruction of the towns.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

SECRETARY BLAINE is growing bald.

BISMARCK is well versed in English literature.

JULIA WARD HOWE, the authoress, is seventy-one.

THE Vanderbilts are noted for their temperance.

GENERAL BRINE, the English Channel balloonist, is dead.

SIR FREDERICK LEIGHTON is sixty, and has painted 130 pictures.

KING GEORGE, of Greece, is a grandfather at forty-four years old.

WILLIAM BLACK was paid $6500 for the serial right to his last novel.

THE Duke and Duchess of Connaught visited Niagara Falls recently.

GENERAL ARMISTEAD LONG, the ex-Confederate, is now quite blind.

ROGER Q. MILLS, of Texas, has been in Congress continually since 1873.

COUNT HERBERT BISMARCK is reported engaged to Lady Dudley's eldest daughter.

EDWIN BOOTH, the tragedian, is said by his friends to be the laziest man in the world.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY is now stumping South Dakota in the interests of equal suffrage.

GENERAL BOOTH, Commander-in-Chief of the Salvation army, has opened a bank in London.

LADY ANNE BLUNT, the granddaughter of Lord Byron, lives in Egypt, and wears the Arab dress.

SAM SMALL, the Georgia evangelist, has accepted the Presidency of a Methodist college at Ogden, Utah.

HENRY M. STANLEY will come to America in the autumn. He proposes to lecture in most of the principal cities of the United States.

RICHARD WATSON GILDER, of the *Century Magazine*, and Miss Katherine Clark, of Boston, are to be married early next month.

CYRUS W. FIELD, the man of cables and elevated roads, and once the owner of the New York *Mail and Express*, is insured for $250,000.

SENATOR WOLCOTT, of Colorado, earns $50,000 a year as attorney for railroads in his State outside of his salary of $5000 a year as Senator.

TSU KWO YIN, the new Chinese Minister at Washington, is a stout man of fifty and has a wife and one son. He was head of a college at Pekin.

MRS. SARAH M. RENTON, who died in Port Blakely, Washington, recently, was the wealthiest woman in the new State. She left a fortune of $2,000,000.

THE Emperor William has declined to permit the city of Berlin to erect a monument to his father, because it is his duty to do it himself, and he will do so.

PRINCE CHARLES, of Norway and Sweden, was drawn for jury duty recently, but the court promptly excused him, on account of his family connections, it is said.

PIERRE LORILLARD, of the great New Jersey tobacco firm and one of the leading promoters of the turf, carries a $250,000 policy. His brother Louis holds $100,000.

MISS FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE, the famous nurse of the Crimea, has just completed her seventieth year, and her sister, the wife of Sir Harry Verney, has just died.

BUFFALO BILL has captured the city of Dresden, Germany, with his Wild West Show. The first performance was held on a Sunday, and there was an immense crowd in attendance. The enthusiasm was great, particularly when Colonel Cody and his cowboys did their sensational rifle-shooting on horseback.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

125TH DAY.—The Senate ordered a new conference on the Dependent Pension bill, and Messrs. Davis, Sawyer and Blodgett were appointed conferees on the part of the Senate....Mr. Blair introduced a Service and Dependent Pension bill....Mr. Plumb spoke on the Silver bill and the tariff. Mr. Hiscock also addressed the Senate on the same questions.

126TH DAY.—The Senate proceeded to the consideration of bills on the calendar, and the following, among others, were passed: The Senate bill to pay to the representatives of James and William Crooks, of Canada, $5000 for the value of a vessel seized by a United States vessel on Lake Ontario, on the 5th of June, 1812, twelve days before the declaration of war. A provision in the bill allowing interest was struck out; the House bill appropriating $90,000 for deficiency in public printing; the Senate bill to provide for the compulsory education of Indian children; the House bill to prevent desertions from the army, by withholding part of the soldiers' monthly pay as a deposit, etc ....Private pension bills on the calendar were then taken up and 120 were passed.

127TH DAY.—Among the petitions presented and referred was one from Nelson, Neb., praying (sarcastically) that all ex-soldiers over 100 years old shall have pensions of $2 a month....Mr. Hoar introduced a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment for the election of postmaster. Referred....Mr. Hiscock introduced, by request, a bill to pension all officers of colored troops who served in the late war at $8 per month....Mr. Cockrell discussed the Silver bill....Mr. Vest called up one of his meat product bills; it went over without action.... The Senate Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads reported favorably the bill to increase the salary of the postmaster at Augusta, Me., from $3000 to $3500 a year.

128TH DAY.—Messrs. Teller and Call spoke on the Silver bill; it was resolved to put the five-minute rule into effect....Mr. Edmunds introduced a bill providing that all funds or other property belonging to Mormons shall be devoted to the benefit of public common schools in Utah....The conference report on the bill to secure a site for the city postoffice of Washington was also presented and read. The site selected by the Senate is the one fixed upon—the square on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. The cost of the site is not to exceed $800,000. After considerable discussion the conference report was agreed to without division....The conference report on the bill for a public building at New London, Conn., was presented and agreed to. It limits the cost to $75,000.

129TH DAY.—An amended draft of the House Silver bill was reported from the Finance Committee....Messrs. Eustis and Turpie spoke on the Jones Silver bill....Adverse reports were made on Mr. Stanford's bill for Government loans on liens of real estate, and on the bill to abolish metal money; and the bills were indefinitely postponed....The following were among the bills taken from the calendar and passed: Senate bill for a public building at Racine, Wis., cost not to exceed $100,000; Senate bill to amend the Revised Statutes so as to make the act of breaking into a postoffice for the purpose of larceny the crime of burglary, and to increase the maximum of imprisonment from five to ten years; House bill increasing from $150,000 to $275,000 the limit of cost for the public building at Duluth, Minn....The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of individual pension bills on the calendar, and passed seventy-five of them.

130TH DAY.—Messrs. Evarts, Morgan and Vance spoke on the silver question....Mr. Davis presented the Conference report on the Dependent Pension bill....Mr. Edmunds called back favorably, with amendments, the bill recently introduced by him providing for the reorganization of the Government of Utah.

In the House.

135TH DAY.—The day and night sessions were devoted to debate on the silver question. Speeches were made by Messrs. Lind, Lacey, Walker, Perkins, Kerr, Blount, Dorsey, Holman and Wickham.

136TH DAY.—The entire day was devoted to the consideration of the Silver bill. The bill was passed—yeas, 135; nays, 119.

137TH DAY.—Mr. Oates, of Alabama, reported the bill to prohibit aliens from acquiring title to or owning lands within the United States....Mr. O'Neill reported favorable the bill appropriating $50,000 for the erection of a monument on the battlefield of Tippecanoe, Ind., to commemorate the heroism of the men who fought and died there under the leadership of General William Henry Harrison....The rest of the session was devoted to matters from the District of Columbia.

138TH DAY.—The conference report on the bill appropriating $75,000 for the relief of A. H. Emery was rejected—yeas, 82; nays, 93....The Postoffice Appropriation bill was passed....Mr. Milliken presented the conference report on the bill to acquire a site for a city postoffice building in Washington. Agreed to....The Speaker laid before the House a Senate bill amendatory of the Internal Revenue laws. Passed....Some hours were spent in the consideration of a Senate bill for the relief of Hyland C. Kirk and others, assignees of Addison C. Fletcher, patentee of a canceling stamp. The bill was finally laid upon the table.

139TH DAY.—The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was reported....Mr. Stewart presented the conference report on the Senate Anti-Trust bill....The Pension bill agreed upon in Conference Committee was passed—145 to 56....The Speaker announced the appointment of Mr. Mills, of Texas, as a member of the Committee on Rules, and of Mr. Turner, of Georgia, as a member of the Committee on Ways and Means, to fill vacancies occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Carlisle, of Kentucky.

140TH DAY.—The Speaker laid before the House a letter from Mr. Mills, of Texas, resigning his membership on the Committee on Rules, to which he was appointed the day before. The resignation was accepted, and Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, appointed to fill the vacancy....Mr. Spooner presented, and the House agreed to, the conference report on the Military Academy Appropriation bill ....The vote was then taken on agreeing to the conference report on the Anti-Trust bill. The report was rejected—12 to 115 .... Mr. Henderson reported an Urgent Deficiency bill, appropriating $3,708,000 for the payment of pensions and $3,075,000 for expenses of the eleventh census. Passed.... The Agricultural Appropriation bill was passed....Mr. Morrow presented the conference report on the Pension Appropriation bill. The report, which is a disagreeing one, was adopted and a further conference was ordered.

DEAD JOCKEYS AND RACERS.

A Telegrapher's Blunder Causes a Terrible Accident.

A collision between two freight trains occurred at twenty-five minutes past one o'clock in the morning on the Wabash Railroad between Warrenton, Mo., and Treusdale, located one mile east of there.

Eight men were killed and eight were seriously and a number of others slightly injured. The names of the dead are as follows:

Samuel Davis, jockey, Lexington, Ky.; Morris Green, colored, Frankfort, Ky.; Frank Kelley, Chicago; James Kelley, Chicago; Frank Norton, New York; Ed. Simmons, hostler, Lexington; Henry Stone, trainer, Harrodsburg, Ky.; William H. Thomas, Cynthiana, Ky.

In addition to those seriously injured, whose names follow, a number of others were hurt:

Lewis Augustus (colored), Harrodsburg, Ky., left thigh broken; Lee Brown, Louisville, arm broken; George Hurley (colored), Cynthiana, Ky., arm and leg broken; Merritt Johnson (colored), St. Louis, arm broken; J. E. Norton, brakeman, severely bruised; Lee Parsons, fireman, collar bone broken; William Taylor (colored), trainer, Covington, Ky., arm broken; Lewis Thompson (colored), Harrodsburg, Ky., foot fractured.

Fourteen others suffered slighter injuries. Both engines and a number of cars were demolished. The mistake of a telegraph operator caused the disaster. In sending out the running time of a train he made a mistake of forty-five minutes in the hour, instead of forty-five minutes when he meant five minutes.

One of the trains was loaded with race horses shipped from Latonia, Ky., to Kansas City. The other carried ordinary freight. Eight valuable race horses were killed.

FIVE MEN KILLED.

A Train Leaves the Track and Topples Over on a Section Gang.

The Northwestern passenger train from Freeport, Ill., which reaches Chicago at o'clock, jumped the track two miles west of Rockford, Ill., on account of a broken wheel.

A gang of section men were working about two hundred feet from the point where the engine left the rails, and before they could get away the train had run them down and toppled over on them.

The entire train was wrecked, and the engineer and four of the section men were killed outright. The fireman, two station men, and some of the passengers were injured.

The killed are: Edward Blaisdell, of Freeport, who had been engineer on this division for over thirty-five years; August Johnson, of Winnebago; Emil Anderson, of Winnebago; John Gustafson, of Pecatonia, and John T. Drymer, of Pecatonia.

A CYCLONE'S PATH.

Death and Destruction Mark the Monster's Course.

Buildings Demolished, Trees Torn Up and Stock Killed.

A dispatch from Bloomington, Ill., says: A cyclone swept De Witt County between 11 o'clock and noon.

A school-house near Birbeck, Ill., was demolished while school was in session. Five children were injured, of whom it is feared two will die.

At Wapella, Ill., the Illinois Central depot and the Methodist Church were wrecked. A man named House, living near that town, was fatally hurt. Trees and telegraph poles were smashed in all directions. The barn on Mrs. Abbott's farm near Wapella was demolished and three horses killed.

Considerable damage was done at Waynesville and Clinton, in Illinois. The storm moved northwest to southeast in a pathway about half a mile wide.

The storm swept over the southern limits of Channahon, Ill., shaking every building in the village and moving many from their foundations, leveling trees and outhouses and making havoc generally. The cyclone was above the town, but dipped just enough to tear away a part of John Drew's residence without injury to any one of the family and catching up David Drew's barn and horses, three in number and blowing them forty rods away, making a complete wreck of the barn and killing the horses. The lightning and thunder were terrific and the people were crazy with fright. A bolt struck the house, tearing it almost to pieces and shocking two of the occupants. One of the daughters, Mrs. Ann Biffins, was sitting in the doorway, while Ella, another daughter, was sowing in the room inside. A bolt passed over the head of the girl sitting in the doorway and struck Ella, completely paralyzing her. Many horses and cattle were killed and the damage to houses in the country and town will amount to thousands of dollars.

Two thousand people were in a tent just south of Jacksonville, Ill., listening to a concert, when a storm suddenly sprang up and the tent blew over on the crowd.

A scene of mad confusion ensued, the poles and heavy canvas crushing many to the ground. Quite a number of persons were injured, the most seriously being Mrs. W. H. Musgrave, wife of the pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, hurt about the spine, and Miss Aldorson, of Chapin, skull fractured.

A severe hail and wind storm passed over the entire Cumberland Valley of Pennsylvania, doing considerable damage to the growing crops. Hail fell in large quantities. From the reports received from the surrounding country the damage to property was heavy.

A cyclone which developed north of Milton, Ill., from a thunder storm destroyed everything in its path, which was fifty yards wide and two miles long. One dwelling, several barns and sheds, many trees and much fencing were prostrated. The family was absent from the dwelling at the time, and the only casualty reported is the breaking of a girl's arm.

A terrible cyclone passed over Southern Iowa destroying much property. It struck the Fair grounds at Wapello and reduced the exhibition halls to kindling wood. It then entered the city, where it literally tore to pieces the residences of Mrs. R. Biggs, S. Bryant and O. W. Ives. All the inmates were seriously injured, though not fatally. Many other buildings, including various outhouses, were dismantled. The old hydraulic mill was destroyed. The storm lasted about ten minutes.

A storm almost devastated the town of Elmwood, Ohio. A number of houses were demolished and one life was known to have been lost. Elmwood is situated on the Cathage Pike, about five miles from Cincinnati. The houses are comparatively new and occupied by persons of moderate means.

The storm struck the village shortly after five o'clock, coming from the southwest. A few moments before it burst a calm seemed to settle over the town and the heat became oppressive. Suddenly there was a low, rumbling noise and vivid flashes of lightning. The gale then swept down and cleared a path through the entire town. Houses were unroofed, chimneys blown down, windows broken and outhouses demolished.

Miss Lillie Kendley, the operator at the Bee Line depot, had a thrilling experience. She was in the office when the storm came up. Suddenly the station was shaken to the foundation, and Miss Kendley sprang to the door. She found the door constructed, and fearing every moment that the building would tumble over sprang from a window. In order to keep from being blown away she was compelled to lie on the ground. Investigation disclosed that a barn belonging to one of the residents had been blown against the station.

Mr. Joseph Cook and his wife and child were at home when the storm came up. The house began to rock, and Cook called to his wife to save herself and the child. She ran out with the child in her arms and had barely reached the open air when the house collapsed. Cook was buried in the ruins. A number of costly buildings were destroyed.

MURDEROUS ROBBERS.

Two Men Killed and About $10,000 Stolen in Arkansas.

At an early hour in the morning the north-bound passenger train on the Cotton Belt route was robbed by masked men at a point between Camden, Ark., and Texarkana, Texas. Two men were killed and about $10,000 secured.

The train was running at the usual rate of speed, when the engine hit a pile of rocks and timbers, which had been placed on the track. The collision threw the engine over a bank. The engineer was crushed by the fall. The moment the train came to a stop three or four armed men rushed out from a pine thicket in which they had been ambushed, and, approaching the express car, began climbing into it. Messenger Nesbit, who had suspected danger when the wreck occurred, made a brave defense. He shot at the intruders and is believed to have wounded one or two of them. He was, however, speedily overcome, the robbers answering his fire with a regular fusillade. He was wounded dangerously, and it was believed he could not survive.

The car was literally sacked. The loss will possibly reach $10,000.

A tramp stealing a ride on the mail car was killed. The Sheriff and posse went at once to the scene. No passengers or mail were robbed.

TWENTY-FIVE per cent. of the death losses of American insurance companies during the first quarter of 1889 were caused by the grip.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

24			
Beeves	4 25	@	5 15
Milch Cows, com. to good	25 00	@	30 00
Calves, common to prime	2 50	@	5 50
Sheep	5 50	@	5 70
Lambs	—	@	5 50
Hogs—Live		@	4 10
Dressed	4¾	@	6¾
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 35	@	4 55
Patents	5 00	@	5 50
Wheat—No. 2 Red	95	@	96¾
Rye—State	—	@	59
Barley—Two-rowed State	—	@	48
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	40	@	43
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	38
Mixed Western	33	@	36
Hay—Good	55	@	65
Straw—Long Rye	90	@	1 00
Lard—City Steam	—	@	5.70c
Butter—State Creamery	14	@	15
Dairy, fair to good	10	@	14
West. Im. Creamery	7	@	11½
Factory	4	@	10
Cheese—State Factory	7	@	9
Skims—Light	2	@	6¾
Western	7	@	7½
Eggs—State and Penn	—	@	15¼

BUFFALO.

Steers—Western	2 50	@	5 05
Sheep—Medium to Good	6 40	@	6 60
Lambs—Fair to Good	7 35	@	7 55
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	—	@	3 85
Flour—Family	3 85	@	4 50
Wheat—No. 1 Northern	—	@	95½
Corn—No. 3 Yellow	—	@	38
Oats—No. 2, White	32½	@	32¾
Barley—No. 1 Canada	64	@	65

BOSTON.

Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's	6 25	@	6 50
Corn—Steamer Yellow	42½	@	45
Oats—No. 2 White	34	@	39
Rye—State	67	@	70

WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.

Beef—Dressed weight	4¼	@	6½
Sheep—Live weight	5	@	6½
Lambs	6	@	7½
Hogs—Northern	—	@	5¾

PHILADELPHIA.

Flour—Penn. family	3 50	@	3 75
Wheat—No. 2, Red, June	91	@	92
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, June	40¾	@	40⅝
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@	34½
Potatoes—Rose	40	@	50
Butter—Creamery Extra	—	@	14
Cheese—Part skims	6	@	7

A Story of Bismarck.

The following curious "Bismarck story" is just now current in political and social circles in Berlin. It will be remembered that General von Stosch was removed from his post as chief of the German Admiralty after Prince Bismarck had accused him before the Emperor William I., of intriguing with the Radical Liberal Party against the Chancellor, of being an intimate friend of the then Crown Prince Frederick, of speculating upon the old Emperor's death, and of aspiring to the post of Imperial Chancellor. The charges were pressed by Prince Bismarck with a vindictiveness which to the general public seemed inexplicable